1918 SEPTEMBER 1918

SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

THE BEST TOWN, THE BEST PEOPLE AND THE BEST CLIMATE---THAT'S ST. CLOUD

St. Cloud Tribune

ST. CLOUD TEMPERATURE

	Max.	Min.
Thursday, Sept. 5.....	88	72
Friday, Sept. 6.....	92	69
Saturday, Sept. 7.....	89	70
Sunday, Sept. 7.....	86	68
Monday, Sept. 9.....	88	69
Tuesday, Sept. 10.....	84	70
Wednesday, Sept. 11..	85	70

VOLUME 11, NO. 3. EIGHT PAGES THIS WEEK. ST. CLOUD, OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1918. $2.00 A YEAR. FIVE CENTS THE COPY.

ST. CLOUD STILL IN LEAD IN SALES WAR SAVING STAMPS

As now arranged, Major K. B. Ferguson, a veteran of the British army, will be with us Friday, Sept. 13, to aid in the war-savings stamps campaign being conducted this week. If it can be so arranged, our distinguished guest will speak to the people of the Partin section at 11 o'clock a. m., at St. Cloud at 3 p. m., and at Kissimmee in the evening—at the latter place very likely at the Casino, in connection with the program of the Patriotic League. This is the arrangement now, and it will be carried through unless something unforeseen prevents.

Assigned to command heavy artillery of the Belgians at Antwerp, and also in Lorraine, Major Ferguson pictures vividly terrific assaults made by Germans on Belgian strongholds in 1914 and which forced fortified towns to capitulate. He has been in the British army eighteen years. Since August of 1915 he has been an officer of the British heavy artillery, a portion of the time being on staff duty. He was invalided last November by trench fever, and was sent to this country a short time ago to tell the American people just what this war is from the viewpoint of heavy artillery. He indicates how really unprepared England was when the war began, and also how rapidly it has developed one of the war in its heavy artillery, which he most essential pieces of machinery of pronounces as being the very best in the world. He says there is no doubt of the superiority of Entente Allies artillery now, and that it will be constantly maintained or augmented.

The present continued success of the Entent Allies in France is an indication of this superiority of artillery fire. Major Ferguson believes there will be no stop now, once the Entente Allies' forces have co-ordinated their staff and placed it under one general head under such an experienced general as General Foch.

The great trouble in the early stages of the war, according to Major Ferguson, was lack of staff experience. The British did not have it, the Russians did not have it, and America has not yet got it, but the French and the Germans had it, and Great Britain has learned it, and America is learning it. He does not discredit the fighting ability of this nation's army, and he says that it is a lamentable fact that once the fighting ability of Americans and Canadians was discredited and that they would have to be taught. At the beginning of the war, Germany had superior soldiers because of their superior training. He says that now the Entente Allies' soldiers not only equal the Germans in training, but are far superior in initiative and self-reliance and that there cannot be any doubt of the final outcome if we refuse to listen to German propaganda, which no doubt soon will begin in an effort to split the Entente Allies—the French from the British, the British from the Italians, and the Americans from their allies.

Major Ferguson will speak of the intimate knowledge gained about the war during four years in the trenches and artillery stations back of the lines. He is said to be a most interesting talker and is sure to please those who assemble to hear him.

Do not conclude that the "drive" this week for additional purchases and pledges for W. S. S. is not making any headway because there is no noise about it. This is a quiet but nevertheless effective campaign, and it will beyond any question of doubt produce good result.

The value of the Woman's Home Guard organization in Kissimmee and St. Cloud is recognized. They are lending their aid in this campaign by making a house-to-house canvass in each city. No doubt by the end of the week they will have developed their efforts into an individual canvass, soliciting whenever and wherever the opportunity permits. Since this is the case, the "drive" is sure to be a success.

Men! do not lay down on your part of the job and let the good women do all of the work. It is not fair to them, neither is it patriotic, on your part.

The sale of war-savings stamps at the various postoffices up to Sept. 10 (purchase value) is as follows:

St. Cloud	$33,945.84
Kissimmee	26,182.03
Deer Park	1,354.45
Narcoossee	1,016.06
Kissimmee Park	1,074.80
Kenansville	292.26
Bassenger	117.84
Lokosee	18.26
Total	$64,001.57

In maturity value, the above total about $72,000.

When you buy War Savings Stamps,
It is like lighting lamps—
Making bright where darkness ruled,
For the boys, with joyous feeling,
See the true, by thus revealing,
All your strength with them is pooled.
Come across!

D. G. WAGNER,
Chairman of National War Savings Committee for Osceola County.

WOMAN'S HOME GUARDS CONDUCT WAR-SAVINGS CAMPAIGN

The war-savings campaign is going forward handsomely. St. Cloud has done well so far, considering our heavy handicaps. Already we have bought more war-savings stamps than the remainder of Osceola county combined—and we are not yet thru.

The local company of the Woman's Home Guard has taken the matter in hand and is giving every man, woman, and child in this community a first-hand opportunity to buy all the stamps his or her pocketbook can afford.

Our people are loyal and are interested in the work, and we intend to do our full share in sustaining the men who have gone from us to fight our battles for us.

Cash sales and subscriptions for future purchases are going forward, and St. Cloud soon will have purchased $20 for each man, woman, and child in this community.

AMERICANS ASKED TO LIMIT USE OF SUGAR

Must Use No More Than Two Pounds Per Person a Month if the Present Meagre Allied Sugar Ration Is Maintained.

Stocks Will Be Short Until Beginning of New Year—Ration May Be Enlarged Then.

Two pounds of sugar a month—half a pound a week—that is the sugar ration the U. S. Food Administration has asked every American to observe until January 1, 1919, in order to make sure there shall be enough for our Army and Navy, for the Allied armies and for the civilians of those nations.

By New Year's the world sugar situation will be relieved somewhat by the new crop. Cuban sugar of this year's crop will be arriving in this country.

Every available sugar source will be drawn on by the Food Administration during the next winter months to maintain sufficient stocks here to keep up our national sugar supply. During October the first American beet sugar will arrive in the markets. By the middle of November some of our Louisiana cane crop will be available. All of this sugar and more may be needed to keep this nation supplied on a reduced ration and to safeguard the Allied sugar ration from still further reduction. In Europe the present ration is already reduced to a minimum.

Our Situation.

The situation which the United States faces in its efforts to maintain a fair distribution of sugar to the Allied world is as follows:

Sugar supplies throughout the country, in homes, stores, factories and bakeries are at a low ebb. We must make increased sugar shipments to the Allies.

Production of American beet and Louisiana cane crops have been disappointing.

Porto Rico crops have been curtailed.

Immense sugar stocks in Java cannot be reached on account of the shipping shortage; ships are needed for troop movements and munitions.

Army and Navy sugar requirements have increased as well as those from the Allies.

Most industries using sugar have had their allotment reduced by one-half; some will receive no sugar.

Households should make every effort to preserve the fruit crop without sugar, or with small amounts of sugar. Later, when the sugar supply is larger, the canned fruit may be sweetened as it is used.

ST. CLOUD CHAPTER, RED CROSS, PUBLIC EXHIBITION

The St. Cloud Chapter of the American Red Cross gave a public demonstration of the work undertaken by the various departments of the local organization in the G. A. R. hall Monday evening, when the people of St. Cloud who have not been intimately connected with the work were given a pretty good idea of the magnitude of the work accomplished by the faithful workers in the local organizations.

The demonstration was given on the stage of the G. A. R. hall. The program was opened by the singing of "America" by the girls in the surgical-dressings department, which was followed by a prayer by Rev. Mr. Riggs.

Mrs. John W. Somerville, president of the St. Cloud Chapter, presided over the meeting, and, after making some important announcements concerning the Red Cross work, introduced Mrs. Clara Kenney, director of the woman's work department, who briefly told of the large number of tasks that had been undertaken and completed by the ladies who are members of the department and by those who have volunteered to assist in the sewing-rooms.

Mrs. L. D. Frost, supervisor of the surgical-dressings department, recited the history of the work of that department, relating how there had been a class formed, the members of which took a course of instruction under a competent representative of the American Red Cross, and how they had passed with high averages the entire course of instruction. Mrs. Frost reported that the local chapter had completed its last allotment of work and is awaiting the arrival of future orders.

Mrs. W. H. Tunnicliffe, who has presided over the cutting department of the surgical-dresssings work room, reported the enormous amount of materials that had been handled by the cutters in filling the orders that had been completed by the surgical-dressings workers, and she gave a fair idea of the great task that has been completed in this city, the magnitude of which was known only to those who have been helping do the work.

Mrs. Ashton, Mrs. Daniels, Mrs. Calkins, and Mrs. Ruth Black gave a thorough explanation of the various kinds of dressings made there. This feature was indeed very interesting to the general public.

To break the monotony of the demonstration program, the audience was asked to join in singing "The Marseillaise" while the words were thrown on the screen. Mrs. Guy Morgan supplied the piano accompaniment for the singing.

Mrs. Theo. George, supervisor of hospital garments, showed samples of the work of this department as she related what has been done in the local chapter for that work.

Mrs. Melvin Blair, supervisor of the knitted garments, told how loyally some of the "young-old" ladies of the city had responded to the call for knitters, and she showed some excellent samples of their work, many cases of which have been shipped from this city to headquarters.

Mrs. Homer D. Jennings made a brief but very interesting report on the work of the Junior Red Cross in this city, relating that the little girls had become very enthusiastic in their sewing classes, especially since the closing o fthe schools for the summer vacation.

Mrs. H. C. Bartlett, purchasing and shipping agent, gave a detailed report of the number of cases of finished garments and dressings that had been finished and shipped by the local units of the Red Cross Chapter.

The national anthem of Great Britain was thrown on the screen, and the audience enthusiastically joined in singing the patriotic air.

Mrs. J. O. Vreeland, membership chairman, followed with a report on that phase of the chapter.

Mrs. E. E. Livermore, director of food sales; Mrs. Guy S. Morgan, chairman of the finance committee; Miss Clara Reynolds, treasurer; Capt. L. D. Frost, in charge of civilian relief, and S. J. Triplett, chairman of publicity, reported from their respective departments.

Singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner" was next, and Rev. I. L. Jenkins dismissed the gathering with a benediction.

The Red Cross Chapter extends its hearty thanks to all who aided in making this entertainment a success, especially to Messrs. J. D. Woodelock, W. G. King, and City Electrician Gatlin, for their services in connection with the illustrated music, of which Mrs. Guy S. Morgan had charge.

CURB MARKET GAINS FAVOR

We are far from agreeing with the statement that the curb market in St. Cloud has been started too early.

Last Saturday our truckers who attended at the opening, on Tuesday, the 3d, were all present, and they disposed of their goods very early.

A Tribune reporter heard calls made for various articles now in season that were not on the market on that date, and on Tuesday last it was found that the want had been supplied.

There was a call for cassava roots; also for tomato plants.

One trucker brought in a load of good home-grown potatoes of very fair size and disposed of them for 40 cents a peck, as against 75 cents now charged in the stores.

Folks who brought chickens, sweet potatoes, eggs, jellies, pickles, cassava, tomato plants, peppers, persimmons, etc., readily sold their wares and received full payment for them in good United States cash.

Mrs. Morgan brought some very nice half-grown Belgian hares, and these were picked up at once. For a good, nice dinner, commend the writer to a Belgian hare. (In England, they are called Ostend rabbits.) Boil them well and serve with a nice white sauce flavored with onions. Such a meal would bring a smile on even Hoover's face.

There were several things lacking which it is hoped will be be seen in the market on Saturday. Honey and cottage cheese are in good demand. Also, there is room for plenty of sweet potatoes, and the Saturday market is always a good day to dispose of chickens and fowl.

Mr. Boswell attended the market for the first time since his return, and hereafter he will be a regular seller.

The Bailey farm intends also to send truck as soon as its owners get matters in shape.

We venture to say that next week will see quite an increase in the number of sellers and of buyers, for surely our home folks will appreciate this good thing.

The market was commenced early so as to get folks used to coming to town on certain days and at certain times, as it was felt that surely they would be recompensed by getting better and fresher goods and at reasonable prices.

TELEPHONE REPAIRS DELAYED BY SLOW MOVEMENTS OF MATERIALS

C. M. Eyclesheimer, manager of the St. Cloud Telephone Company, was asked by the Tribune concerning the poor service that has been supplied over many of the telephones in this section in the last few weeks. In reply, he stated that the delay in making needed repairs is due entirely to the inability of the company to get materials promptly to put the entire system in first-class order.

According to the statements of Mr. Eyclesheimer, work has been under way several weeks to install two complete metallic lines between St. Cloud and Kissimmee, which, when completed, will make this service modern in every respect.

Materials have been ordered for months to make the needed repairs to the various local lines about this city, and as soon as these materials can be obtained, the local telephone troubles will be remedied.

The local company is doing all in its power at the present time to remove the causes of these complaints, but conditions beyond the control of the local company have caused delays that make it necessary for local patrons who have telephone troubles to be patient.

Mr. Eyclesheimer appreciates the co-operation that has been accorded the local company by most of its patrons, and he promises to make the local system the best in this section of the State at a date as early as possible.

NEW MEMBERS OF LEGAL ADVISORY BOARD NAMED TO ASSIST WITH QUESTIONAIRES

Judge G. F. Kribbs, chairman of the Osceola County Legal Advisory Board, this week announces the appointment of associate members of the board for St. Cloud, Narcoossee, and Whittier, who will act for the board in assisting registrants in filling their questionnaire blanks and will aid also persons making claims for either the insurance and the pension departments. The letter naming the associate members is as follows:

To members and Associate Members of the Legal Advisory Board for Osceola County:

This board was originally organized for the purpose of aiding registrants under the selective-draft act to fill out and report under oath the questionnaires required of them.

Since that time the War Department, through the Bureau of War Relief, has requested the aid of the board in applications for insurance, allotments, and pensions; the Navy Department, in the soldiers' and sailors' civil relief act; the custodian of Alien property, that it report alll such property and assist in bringing it under government control.

In consequence of this accumulating work, the chairman of the local board has been authorized to appoint associate members of the board other than lawyers, in different parts of the county, so as to save parties long trips to the county seat. This has been done, and the oath taken by them as required enables them to administer oaths to those making applications or reports under any of the above heads.

There are no compensation or fees to be paid by any one for this assistance.

The following are the members of the board in Kissimmee, constituting the local members of the bar: W. B. Crawford, J. S. Cadel, G. P. Garrett, Pat Johnston, Z. Bass, G. W. Fox, Milton Pledger, Lewis O'Bryan, Alexander Akerman, and the undersigned chairman.

The associate members are:

S. W. Porter, W. G. King, and William H. Tunnicliffe, St. Cloud.

Frederick W. Hill, Narcoossee.

John H. Baisden and B. F. Roe, Kenansville.

G. F. KRIBBS,
Chairman of Legal Advisory Board.

ST. CLOUD SPINNING WHEEL BUILT WITHIN A BOTTLE

A unique heirloom possessed by J. P. Morrill, 414 Illinois avenue, St. Cloud, attracted the Tribune man's interest and inspection one day this week. It is a diminutive model of an old-fashioned spinning wheel that has been erected within the narrow confines of an ordinary bottle.

The spinning wheel is perfect in its constructive details and is made of wood and brass. All parts are properly adjusted and made and are neatly and firmly joined. It comprises probably more than fifty pieces. Even a hank of yarn, ready for spinning, is suspended on its frame.

The bottle is low and wide in shape, of a style favored by some gin manufacturers, its body about 5 inches deep and about 4 inches square, and its neck about 2 inches long and ¾ inch wide (inner dimension).

The spinning wheel's dimensions are almost as large as the inside of the bottle, and its parts were introduced into the bottle and joined therein thru this narrow aperture.

[illegible] an Edison and the patience of a Job. It was done by one of Mr. Morrill's uncles (A. C. Sweatt, Penacook, N. H.) more than fifteen years ago. Mr. Sweatt gave it to a brother in California, who, at his death, bequeathed it to Mr. Morrill, who lived in California at the time.

Mr. Morrill, by the way, was a resident of California thirty-eight years before coming to St. Cloud—more than three years ago. He was born among the granite hills of New Hampshire.

Mr. Morrill says his heirloom never has been exhibited at any fair—and never will be unless he goes with it, as he values it too much to entrust it to the care of strangers.

AVIATION FIELD IS READY FOR FLIERS

St. Cloud's aviation field has been placed in readiness and is awaiting official orders to the aviators to make landings in this city.

On Saturday of last week Lieuts. [illegible] Roch and Brown from the aviation fields of DeSoto county, came to the city to make an inspection of the field here. To a reporter for the Tribune they stated the field is entirely satisfactory, but they could not state when an official order would come to permit the aviators to make use of the field, as the matter would be handled by higher officials.

It is believed the order will be issued within a few days and that the people of St. Cloud will have an opportunity to entertain the "air fighters" of Uncle Sam within two weeks.

LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE TO ORGANIZE ON TUESDAY

The new committee on the fourth Liberty loan "drive," of which J. K. Conn is chairman for St. Cloud, will meet at the Bank of St. Cloud next Tuesday to formulate plans for the coming campaign. The quota of the bond issue assigned to St. Cloud has not yet been made public.

HAM AND——

To Editor of St. Cloud Tribune.

The French have captured Ham, and I am confident the Entente Allies will advance until they have captured Berlin and the whole sty of Hohenzollern hogs. Surely the Entente Allies are out for the whole bacon, and it is a case of whole hog or none, regardless of whether it be sugar-cured or just plain white meat. H. E. S.

SCHOOLS TO OPEN MONDAY, SEPT. 15

The public schools of St. Cloud will open Monday morning, Sept. 16, at 9 o'clock. Teachers who have been away for summer vacations have returned home this week, and everything is in readiness for the enrollment of students on the opening day.

The teachers who have been selected for the ensuing term are:

Principal—N. H. Bullard.

Assistant Principal—Mrs. Laura Lee.

High-School Department—Miss Kate Caplinger.

Eighth Grade—Miss Myrtle Fletcher.

Seventh Grade—Miss Jessie Doolittle.

Sixth Grade—Miss Katherine Shadoan.

Fifth Grade—Miss Mary Florence.

Fourth Grade—Miss Emma Tyson.

Third Grade—Miss Lillian Ide.

Second Grade—Miss Ita Paisley.

Primary Teacher—Miss Fleda Doolittle.

Assistant Primary Teacher—Miss Lottie Doolittle.

PAY FOR MEMBERS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT

At the meeting of the City Council 1st Monday it was decided to establish a basis of pay for the volunteer members of the fire department for services in fighting fire.

The pay of the chief, who takes care of the big fire-fighting machine, will be $10 per month for his work on the car, when needed, and $2.50 for each fire call.

The members of the department will receive $1 for each fire call answered.

Only those who go to the fire will be included in this pay.

REV. KING TO LEAVE ST. CLOUD FOR TEXAS; LAST SERMON ON SUNDAY

Rev. James M. King, pastor of the Baptist church in St. Cloud, has tendered his resignation as pastor and will leave on Tuesday of next week for Fort Worth, Tex., where he will enter the Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary for a two-year course. He will preach his last sermon as pastor here at the evening service of Sunday, Sept. 15.

Rev. and Mrs. King have been residents of St. Cloud more than a year, during which time they have made many warm friends who will regret to learn that they are to move away from this city, but who will wish them great success in their new home, in Texas.

As pastor of the Baptist church, Rev. Mr. King has been active in all movements for the uplift and betterment of the community, and he will be greatly missed from the ranks of the local ministerial association.

E. T. Hopkins of Devil's Lake, Wis., writes to friends in St. Cloud that he expects to be here by the middle of October to take up his residence in his new home in St. Cloud.

S. O. S. CALL TO THE WOMEN OF ST. CLOUD

All women who were present at the last meeting and every other woman who is alive to the vital relation of the coming election to civic progress are requested to suspend other service and meet at the M. E. Annex at 4 o'clock September 18. While the universe rocks, St. Cloud moves.

M. B. CUSHMAN

COUNTY FILES THEIR ANSWER IN ROAD SUIT

Sent Back For Trial From the Supreme Court After Road is Complete and Some of Plaintiffs in Bankruptcy.

A document filed in the Circuit Court of this district within the last week recalls an old squabble which developed more than a year ago, at the time the contract was let for certain brick roads in the county by the county commissioners, and at which time a certain contractor filed suit for an injunction to force the commissioners to give it (contractor) when the contract had been awarded to the Georgia Engineering Company.

Early in 1917 the case was heard before Judge Perkins, wherein the contention of the county commissioners that they had a right to use discretion in determining the successful bidder was sustained and the case thrown out of court. G. P. Garrett of the firm of Johnston & Garrett represented the commissioners.

The case being taken to the Supreme Court, but not on a petition for an injunction, the road was constructed by the Georgia Engineering Company, but later the Supreme Court sustained the plaintiff's plea that it had sufficient standing in the Circuit Court to be entitled to a trial of the case throughout. The same people who comprised the Good Roads Construction Company (the plaintiff) have become entangled financially.

In the meantime the attorney for the Good Roads Construction Company advised the commissioners he was ready to drop the case; but it has been taken up by other persons interested, and, coming on for hearing, the following answer was filed by the county commissioners through Attorney Milton Pledger of Kissimmee:

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF FLORIDA, CIRCUIT COURT OF OSCEOLA COUNTY.—IN CHANCERY:

W. B. Crawford, Complainant,

vs.

Osceola County, Ernest Mach, E. L. D. Overstreet, B. H. Guy, W. F. Walker, and A. F. Bass, as Members of and Constituting the Board of County Commissioners of Osceola County, et Al., Defendants.

Joint and several answer of the defendants—Osceola County, Ernest Mach, E. L. D. Overstreet, B. H. Guy, W. F. Walker, and A. F. Bass, as members of and constituting the Board of County Commissioners of Osceola County, Florida—to the complainant's bill of complaint:

These defendants, by protestation, not admitting or denying any of the matters and things in said bill of complaint contained to be true in the manner and form that they are therein set forth and alleged, and for answer for so much and such parts thereof as they are advised is material or necessary for them to make answer to, answering, say:

First—These defendants admit the first paragraph of the bill of complaint.

Second—These defendants admit the second paragraph of the said bill of complaint, but allege that since the filing of said suit, by act of the Legislature of the State of Florida, the County of Okeechobee was created and established and that the territory in Osceola county in which the defendant W. F. Walker resided was taken into and became a part of the said Okeechobee county and by reason thereof the said defendant W. F. Walker ceased to be a member of the said Board of County Commissioners of Osceola county.

Third—These defendants admit the facts to be substantially as alleged in paragraph three of said bill of complaint, as well as the fourth paragraph thereof.

Fourth—These defendants neither admit nor deny the fifth paragraph of said bill of complaint, but put the complainant upon strict proof of each and every of the allegations contained therein, but admit that said contract was awarded to the Georgia Engineering Company and allege that the same was done by the said Board of County Commissioners after due deliberation, thorough investigation, and upon the honest conviction that the said Georgia Engineering Company was the lowest and best responsible bidder, which said contract was awarded for the sum of $61,910.

Fifth—These defendants admit that, while the said bid of the Good Roads Construction Company was accompanied by a certified check for $1,200 and by four sureties, [illegible] done and performed the other things set forth and alleged in the sixth paragraph of said bill of complaint, that in truth and fact the said members of the Board of County Commissioners had private information, upon good authority, that caused them, as public officers for said county in the lawful and conscientious discharge of the public duties of said office, that the said Good Roads Construction Company were not morally responsible and conscientious in the fulfilling of their contracts, and that during their past experience in doing construction work, wherein they had contracted and agreed to do and perform a class of construction work according to plans and specifications of a standard nature, that the said company and another company owned and operated by the officers of the said Good Roads Construction Company, called THE EDWARDS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, had failed and refused to live up to their said contracts and had turned over said contracts with construction work of a poor quality and far below the standard required by the said specifications, and the said defendants, constituting said Board of County Commissioners of Osceola county, Florida, having received said information, did not regard the said Good Roads Construction Company a responsible bidder, and in the consideration of the bids received by said board for construction work did eliminate from their consideration the bid of the said Good Roads Construction Company for the reason that they were not responsible and could not be relied upon to do the work according to plans and specifications then on file with said Board of County Commissioners; that, in the exercise of their discretion under the law, as given out in said notice for bids, and of their right to reject any and all bids, and exercised their discretion in eliminating said bid from the consideration in the entering into said contract.

These defendants further allege that since the institution of this suit, and before the filing of this answer, the said corporation called EDWARDS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, which was owned and operated by the same individuals as its officers as were and are the individual officers of the said Good Roads Construction Company, have scheduled and filed in the office of the bankruptcy division of the United States Court for the Southern District of Florida, and upon such schedule the said corporation [illegible] bankrupt by reason of insolvency, which said estate is now being administered in the bankruptcy court, as these defendants are informed and verily believe.

These defendants, further answering the sixth paragraph of said bill of complaint, allege that they feared at the time, and they still fear, that had they entered into a contract with the said Good Roads Construction Company that it would have been in the face of the information in their possession, a disregard of the rights of the complainant and other taxpayers in the said county, for the reason that said company was considered by them, upon the information they had received, to be unreliable and not responsible in carrying out road-work construction upon a contract for the construction of a high-class piece of road work; and, answering further, they say that, in pursuance of the settlement entered into between the said defendants as members of the Board of County Commissioners of Osceola county, Florida, and the defendant, the Georgia Engineering Company, the construction work has been completed in a good and workman-like manner, turned over to and accepted by the Board of County Commissioners, and said board has settled with them according to the terms of the contract, after they had faithfully discharged their duties thereunder and delivered a first-class job.

Sixth—These defendants, answering the seventh paragraph of said bill of complaint, in addition to that contained in the foregoing paragraph, allege that, in truth and in fact, the contract was awarded to the Georgia Engineering Company for the sole reason and purpose that the Georgia Engineering Company was the lowest RESPONSIBLE and COMPETENT bidder, and that they did not believe that a contract awarded to the Good Roads Construction Company would result in anything except either a poor class of work, done in an unskilled and unworkman-like manner, or result in long-drawn-out and expensive litigation in enforcing the construction of said roads according to plans and specifications, their information being that it was not the custom of the said Good Roads Construction Company, or other companies operated by the same individuals, to do construction work except in a manner that departed from requirements and below the standard fixed by plans and specifications, thereby perhaps causing greater loss to the taxpayers in the delay, litigation, and expense, and the loss by the people of the use of the roads for an indefinite length of time, and the inferior grade of work put in said roads, than would amount to the difference between the bid of the Georgia Engineering Company and the said Good Roads Construction Company.

These defendants, jointly and severally, most positively deny that the contract entered into between them and the defendant Georgia Engineering Company is null and void, and deny that the said Good Roads Construction Company was a competent bidder on said occasion.

These defendants, and each of them, aver that the contract so ordered by them as aforesaid was to the lowest and BEST bidder and for the best interest of the complainant as a taxpayer of said county, all of which they are able and willing to aver and prove.

Eighth—These defendants, further answering by way of demurrer, say that the said complainant has not in and by his bill of complaint made or stated such a case as doth or ought to entitle him to the relief or any relief therein or thereby prayed for, and for substantial matters of law to be argued to the court:

1. That the said bill of complaint sets forth a conclusion of law when the same alleges that the complainant is a taxpayer in said county without making known to this court a description of any property so owend by him and upon which he pays taxes.

COUNTY OF OSCEOLA, FLORIDA.

By, etc.

Any kind of success worth having never arrives unexpectedly.

Man proposes, woman disposes, and the remainder of the world says: "I told you so."

Blanks Booklets
Catalogs Stationery
Statements Office Forms

ST. CLOUD TRIBUNE CO.
213 S. Massachusetts
Phone 19

Printing---the Silent Salesman

¶ You wouldn't send out an unkempt, careless, or ill-bred salesman. For the same reason, do not send out any other but attractive, forceful, and interest-compelling printed matter.

C. A. HARDEE ANNOUNCES FOR GOVERNOR

Served as Speaker of the House in Florida Legislature Two Terms---Able Representative of Suwanee County

Hon. C. A. Hardee of Live Oak has announced himself as a candidate for Governor. Mr. Hardee has served several years in the Florida Legislature as a Representative from Suwannee county, and in the 1915 and 1917 sessions he was Speaker of the House. His record as Speaker made friends for him throughout the State, who will be interested in the following announ be interested in the following announcement:

To the People of Florida:

It is nearly two years before you will be called on to nominate a Governor to succeed the present Chief Executive. Perhaps many of you will say that it is therefore too early to consider the question; but the fact remains that it is being thought of and discussed, and, incidentally, I am constantly in receipt of letters from friends in different sections of the State asking if I will be a candidate.

Having definitely concluded quite a while ago to be a candidate for the Governorship of Florida, no good purpose can be subserved, so far as I can see, by further delaying a declaration of my intention to make the race. I am, therefore, taking this method of advising the people of the State that I shall be a candidate in the next primary election.

I hardly think it necessary or proper at this time to set forth a platform upon which I will base my candidacy, as conditions are rapidly changing and new issues constantly arising. However, the people may be assured that I shall stand for sound Democratic principles of government, for the moral and educational uplift of our people.

In this time of stress and trial, while the nation is at war and while the State is now and for a long time will be face to face with problems incident to the war, there is no room in a political campaign or otherwise for anything save constructive policies. It seems to me the mind of the people is centered on serious, worth-while questions of every-day life and will look to him who asks their support for a discussion and a solution of the economic and social problems of the State. I shall therefore advocate those measures of general interest which tend to unite and upbuild the various interests of the people.

Just now we are beginning to see the great possibilities of Florida in the development of its live stock, fishing, and agricultural interests; also the reclamation of waste and overflowed lands and encouraging thereon actual settlers; the development and protection of our citrus-fruit industry; the conservation of our natural resources thru the wise administration of proper laws, which will not only conserve the natural resources of the State, but will produce revenue as well; a progressive policy in educational matters; building and maintenance of good roads; a sound system for the collection of State revenues, whereby inequalities of taxation may be reduced to the minimum; adequate pensions for our Confederate veterans and their widows; care for the physical welfare of the people through active co-operation of our State Board of Health; encouragement of proper measures for the moral and social welfare of the people. All of the foregoing, and others besides, should claim our attention.

While the war lasts, the State must be in perfect harmony with the Nation in their respective administrations; and when the war is over, the years of peace following it will be devoted toward a discussion of these questions, rather than a shallow appeal to passion and prejudice; and if elected Governor, my chief concern will be the proper enforcement of the laws and due co-operation with the legislative department of the State in the passage of wholesome legislation.

In this opening statement to the people of the State, I think it proper to refer to myself personally by saying that I was born and reared on a farm in Taylor county, Florida, and have always felt a peculiar interest in the great agricultural classes of our State and have been of every assistance to them in every manner possible. In my own locality they are among my best friends, and, if elected Governor, I shall treasure as very sacred the interests of that class of our citizens who, by their labor, are feeding the nations of the world.

At the proper time I will publish a platform setting forth what seems to me to be the paramount issues, and my attitude toward them, and I will make an active canvass of the entire State.

Respectfully,

CARY A. HARDEE.

W. C. T. U. NOTES

Are we to rejoice over the latest news from our solons at Washington? Or not?

We really can not see much to comfort us yet, for we expected better things of our great lawmakers, who are supposed to be, to a great extent, actuated by the wishes of the people of America, and ot by the Kaiser's aids—the brewers.

"The manufacture of beer in the United States will be prohibited after Dec. 1 as a war measure"—not as a safeguard to our homes, a prevention of crimes, or for the uplift of our morals, but for "the further necessity of war industries for the whole fuel-productive capacity of the country, considerable drouth which has materially affected the supply of feeding stuffs for next year, the strain upon transportation to handle necessary industries, and the shortage of labor caused by enlargement of the army program."

Under national prohibition, legislation passed by the Senate and sent to the House, which enacted similar legislation last May, manufacture of beer and wine would be prohibited after next May 1. This last legislation requires beer manufacturers to stop five months earlier, but they MAY resume Kaiser-aiding work, since this last order was made "subject to further orders."

What do you think of that?

And "national prohibition from next July until the American armies have been demobilized after the war" was passed by the Senate without a roll call!

And all of the "civilized" (that does not include the Kaiser) are hoping, praying, working, fighting, and giving that the war will be endde and the armies demobilized before that time. Poor comfort!

Well—we may as well catch the one ray of sunshine they have given us. The goverment is aiming to take the drink away from the soldiers and sailors and to keep them away from the drink. So far, so good; but it does look like other men's efficiency should be worth more than the $900,000,000 revenue that Uncle Sam gets. Is his dollar greater than his boy?

REPORTER.

UNCLE JOSH'S 98c. SPECIAL
For Friday and Saturday
Ladies shirt waist in white VOIL and ORGANDY. Just received a new fresh lot from Philadelphia, on sale FRIDAY and SATURDAY of this week for only 98 CENTS. REGULAR PRICE $1.25 and $1.50—SALE PRICE ONLY 98 CENTS
ONLY 'TWO MORE DAYS' OF THIS 'CUT PRICE SALE' AND THEN NO MORE UNTIL NEXT SEPTEMBER
H. C. STANFORD COMPANY
JOSH FERGUSON, MGR.

THE OLD RELIABLE
HARTFORD AND ÆTNA INSURANCE CO'S.
COLLECTIONS NOTARY PUBLIC — FIRE INSURANCE REAL ESTATE
ST. CLOUD REALTY COMPANY
B. F. RALLS, Manager
Do You Want to Buy, Sell or Rent?
I DRAW ALL KINDS OF LEGAL PAPERS
NO. 114 NEW YORK AVE. Phone No. 18 ST. CLOUD, FLORIDA

PAUSE and CAREFULLY CONSIDER the FOLLOWING:
The Florida State Board of Health have condemned the use of out door closet buckets as are in present use in St. Cloud and some other Florida cities as being unsanitary offensive to good taste and generally disgusting.
The Waterman Waterbury Co., whose headquarters are at Minneapolis, Minn., are offering for the consideration of the public through the medium of their agent H. Edmond Swabey, of Kissimmee, Fla., box 625, the Waterbury Sanitary In Door Closet which fills all sanitary requirements laid down by the F. S. B. of Health at less cost than a flush closet for septic tank can be installed.
Free advertising matter on request. H. EDMOND SWABEY, Agt., Kissimmee, Fla., Box 625

"This Is the Last of Wars"
Coming in splendor thro' the Golden Gate
Of all the days, swift passing, one by one,
Oh, Silent Planet, thou hast gazed upon
How many harvestings, dispassionate?
Across the many-furrowed fields of fate,
Wrapt in the mantle of oblivion,
The old, gray, wrinkled husbandman has gone
Sowing and reaping, lone and desolate---
The blare of trumpets, rattle of the drum,
Disturb him not at all---he sees,
Between the hedges of the centuries,
A thousand phantom armies go and come,
While Reason whispers as each marches past,
"This is the last of wars,---this is the last!"
LIEUT. GILBERT WATERHOUSE
(Wounded and Missing July 1, 1916)

MAKE it the last! Save every dollar you can and dig deep into the work of war. Pour out your resources---hold back no single dollar that can help make the victory FINAL. Make this "The Last of Wars!"

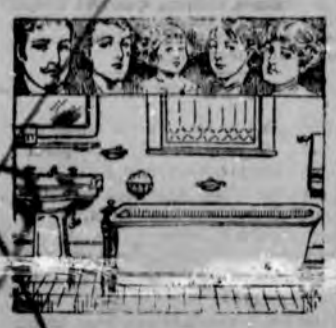
Buy Bonds to Your Utmost!

This Space Contributed to Winning the War by

J. D. HARRIS
Transfer Man
Phone 70

ST. CLOUD TELEPHONE CO.
C. M. Eychlesheimer,
Manager

PLUMBING



FOR YOUNG AND OLD

the pleasures of the bath are manifold. Don't let poor plumbing put a damper on the healthful pleasures of immersion. If we install your plumbing and look to its [illegible] occasional repairs you'll find a satisfaction with the job and you can [illegible] imprinted on every job that we do.

Walter Harris

New York Ave. (Makinson Bldg.) ST. CLOUD, FLA.

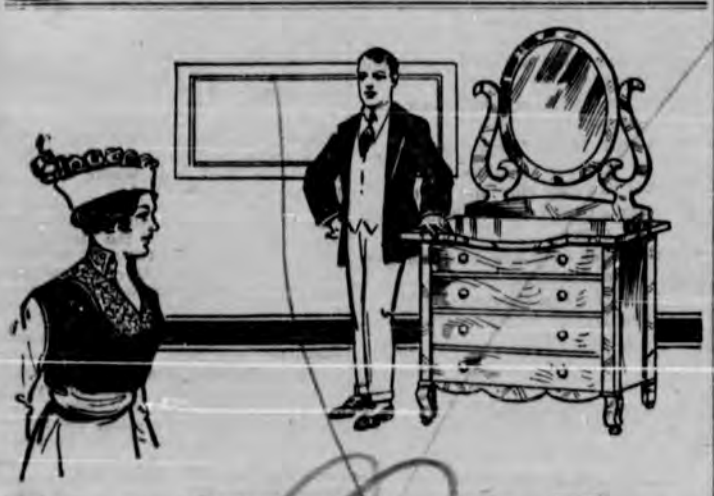
ICE CREAM

In any quantity for Parties or Picnics

CANDIES, COLD DRINKS, ETC.
CIGARS, TOBACCOS, NEWSPAPERS, MAGAZINES

The Alcove

Mrs. Reynolds. New York Avenue.



Everything in Its Place

A big, roomy dresser or chiffonier, in which you can keep ample supplies of clothing and toilet accessories for immediate needs, will contribute much to your comfort and convenience and save oodles of time and temper.

Our Bedroom Pieces

are the latest in design, color and finish, and they are made so carefully they will serve a lifetime. Come and see them and get prices.

Our Word Is a Guaranty of Honest Values
Buy War Savings Stamps

OSCEOLA HARDWARE CO.
Dealers in Furniture
KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

Registration Notice

The precinct registration books are open in the several precincts and will remain open until Saturday, October 12.

All voters who desire to participate in the general election in November, and who have not been properly registered heretofore, are notified that they must be registered during these dates. The removal from one precinct to another since registering will require changing the records in this office accordingly.

Respectfully,

E. D. KATZ
Registration Officer Osceola County,
Kissimmee, Florida.

2-4t

Interesting Letters From St. Cloud People Abroad

Akron, Ohio, Sept. 5, 1918.

To Editor of St. Cloud Tribune.

We (Miss Gracie R. Davis and myself) arrived in Akron last Thursday evening safe and in fine fettle. As strong boosters of everything for Florida, we brought along with us sand and fruits (half approaching maturity) to emphasize the well-known adage, "Seeing is believing."

When our train stopped at Yukon, the immense dimensions of the cantonment attracted our attention. So interesting was the spectacle that we exceedingly regretted the privilege of [illegible] was denied.

[illegible] civil and military. Without a single exception, soldiers are seen scurrying to and fro individually and collectively. Many of them take their mothers, wives, sisters, or sweethearts along and are happiness personified.

Not are soldiers alone noticed on the busy thoroughfares, but also thousands of workers in the employ of shipbuilding contractors, of whom there are several.

So far as we learn, there are about eight deaf employes who earn unheard-of wages that are being paid under government contracts. One of them, practically a novice in the trade of carpentering and wearing knee pants, makes $4 per day of ten hours hammering nails, and nothing else.

Jacksonville prides itself of a sudden boost in its population since it landed the cantonment and the shipbuilding yards.

Along the route through Georgia, as well as in Tennessee and a part of Kentucky, red clay is everywhere; and think of muddy rivers of a reddish hue, into the waters of which a plunge is not pleasant to contemplate!

Corn and cotton fields are abounding in plenteous crops. Corn fields, lying contiguous to one another, stretch many miles long, and sometimes they are sandwiched in by cotton plantations.

One curious thing which aroused our interest is the absence of fences between cotton fields. Ridges made up of bushes, weeds, or grass are designated as dividing lines.

North of Atlanta are numerous washouts in the shape of trenches. Some finishing touches are all that is needed to make ideal trenches of them for the boys "over here" to occupy.

For miles around Atlanta we saw tower after tower bearing transmission wires. Seeing them at a distance, one would imagine oil derricks are erected there.

Corn in Tennessee, Kentucky, and Ohio is looking much better than is found in Georgia and Florida. In the latter two States the crop has been or is being harvested, while in the others it is commencing to mature.

Near the Tennessee-Kentucky boundary line coal mines are in full operation. Some of the miners' cottages have the appearance of reposing on stilts, so steep are the cliffs on which they are built, and the well-trodden paths are zigzagged.

To my mind, the upper part of Tennessee is more mountainous and steeper than in Kentucky; yet in the latter State we passed through four times as many tunnels than in Tennessee.

Stone quarries are requisitioned into commission in Kentucky and Ohio, and the hills there are rocky, the size of their stones varying from a pebble to a bowlder.

Of all the staple crops growing in the States we traversed, corn predominates. Tobacco plantations are few in number, but what they lack in number is made up in fine appearance.

In candor, while I am glad to be back on my native soil, Florida stands unsurpassed in climate and diversified agriculture.

I have had the pleasure of meeting several friends who have either lived or visited in St. Cloud. They are Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Bower and Charles Howell of this progressive city, and Dr. and Mrs. Ira Scott of Kent, including Mr. and Mrs. Roy Mulvane of New Comerstown, who were visiting in the Scott home at the time of our call.

The Bowers soon will move into their new home, on Goodyear Heights, they being employed at the Goodyear plant.

Mr. Howell is connected with the Miller Rubber Company.

Dr. Scott and family contemplate motoring to St. Cloud via Washington for th ieraannual winter sojourn.

We saw also Mr. Hazen, in Ravenna, and he will be one of the million tourists to the sunny land of Florida.

My next letter will give you some of my impressions of the rubber industry, which plays an important part in the development of the commercial life of Akron.

F. E. P.

MR. BURCH WILL BE WITH US AGAIN THIS WINTER.

Elmwood, Ill., Sept. 4, 1918.

To Editor of St. Cloud Tribune.

The weeks are rapidly passing, and approaches the time when migratory birds and people are preparing to commence their annual hegira to places where wintry conditions do not bear so heavily upon them as they do in this latitude.

This has been a good season for crops in this section of the great corn belt, and record-breaking yields of everything that can be grown in this latitude have been the rule. Greater areas have been planted, and more intensive cultivation has contributed to greater results.

Some localities have lacked sufficient rainfall, notably West and Southwest, but over the country as a whole the production of food staples has attained an enormous volume.

Uncle Sam's producing army at work in the fields in the U. S. A. has done and is doing its part toward winning the war, and the Yanks "over there" have got Butcher Bill and his puppets guessing where the lightning is going to strike next.

General Foch seems to have struck a gait that's put the boasted German generalship and strategy "on the bum."

The way the Entente Allies have been driving the Boches out of their chosen defenses and gathering in prisoners and war material during the last few weeks gives us good reasons to hope that kaiserism and its atrocities have struck a snag and is waterlogged and wobbly, and that they would be awful glad if they could patch up some kind of a peace plan that would give them a place on the map.

A world redeemed from kaiserism and "kultur" would have no room for Butcher Bill, and we alll sincerely hope that the end of the war will see his "finish" also.

I am pleased to note the changes and improvements that are being made in St. Cloud, as reported in the columns of the Tribune.

[illegible] helpmate has changed the keenness of my desire for a return to the associations of the Wonder City, but a few weeks more will find me en route thither. I do not want to spend a winter in this latitude, where it would be necessary to be housed in eight months of the year, more or less. So I hope to meet again the old comrade friends of L. L. Mitchell Post and the Veterans' Association and to share with them in whatever comes to cheer the decling years of our earthly pilgrimage.

With kind greetings to all old friends, and wishing you abundant success, I remain, Mr. Editor, very respectfully yours. J. N. BURCH.

HOLLENBAUGH RECOVERS FROM SEVERE SMALLPOX

To My Friends in St. Cloud:

I surely am pleased to know I still have friends enough in St. Cloud to send me a shower of postal cards and letters. I thank them for it.

As you all know, last spring things did not look encouraging for a carpenter in St. Cloud; so I thought I would better go where there is work and at the same time help Uncle Sam as well. I cast my lot with the Du Pont Powder people.

I entered a boarding-house here, No. 5—and 19 was on my door. Things went nicely for a while. Then chills and fever laid me low. One doctor came and went for a while; then came four doctors. They all stood and gazed a while and then said smallpox was the trouble within that door. When the State doctor made his appearance, he soon said it was the worst case he ever saw. The bedding and my clothes went out the rear door and later went up in a blaze.

Then you should have seen those doctors grab the people right and left, young and old, large and small. The town and the whole works had sore arms. Some people did not seem to mind this, but many soon quit work—about 2,000 of them. The gossipers on the street even stopped and stared when they found vaccination had taken on them.

Me the doctors soon ushered out of town and onto a plot of ground just two acres in extent. They had a house built right in the center of it for my accommodation. A nurse and I were ushered into it. A guard was placed at the gate, with club and gun, to make us safe. Neither enemies nor friends should come too near. There one of two guards stood day and night until I had left the place of quarantine—when fifty days had elapsed. Then I was told to take my old place.

I soon was back with the eighty-four others who enter a certain dining-room door. This is the place where they give us the very best.

Now God again has given me health and strength to labor. So I line up with the others, almost 2,000, to do our bit to prepare powder and shells for shipment to France, where they are needed; and they need more every day, it is said. E. N. HOLLENBAUGH.

Gibbstown, N. J.

"FOR THE FREEDOM OF THE WORLD" A TRIBUTE TO HEROES OF AMERICAN LEGION

"For the Freedom of the World," which will be shown at the Palm theater on Sept. 14, is declared to be the most startling production based on the World War that yet has been made.

Written by Capt. Edwin Bower Hesser, and telling the thrilling story of the Famous American Legion of the Canadian army, it is a creation to stir the soul of every true American.

Before the United States entered the war, many thousands of young "Yankees" (as they still are called across the Canadian line) joined the Canadian army. Recognizing that they were the flower of American manhood, Lieut.-Gen. Samuel Hughes, commander-in-chief, ordered the formation of the American Legion, which was quickly filled by patriots so eager to enter the big fight for liberty that they could not wait for their own country to get into the war.

A romance most unusual in plot, heart touching, and soul inspiring is the basis of a story that takes the hero from a life of inconsequence in an American city to play a part of heroism on the battle field, win the love of a girl whose wonderful self-sacrifice will touch every heart, and almost taste of death for the honor of the little American flag which he carried sewn over his heart.

On Nov. 5 vote AGAINST the cattle tick in Osceola county.

Will some bugologist inform this newspaper what useful purpose is served by the pestiferous mud-dauber wasps—those that build their brood nests of mud? We think the pesky things should be killed whenever possible. Why not?

Some persons "over there" seem to think that the Almighty is making a mistake by not leaving the management of affairs entirely to them.

When a man wants to find fault, he is willing to spend all his time looking for it—if necessary.

Get Your School Supplies From Us

We carry a full line of tablets, notebooks, theme paper, textbooks, pencils, pens, ink erasers, bookstraps, schoolbags. :: :: ::

New York Avenue **Angel's** QUALITY STORE School Opens Sept. 16th.

ORANGES Sealdsweet GRAPEFRUIT — ORANGES Sealdsweet GRAPEFRUIT

When your citrus fruits are offered at less than they are worth you not only lose money but cause losses to other growers with whose fruit yours is in competition.

Cooperation among growers means better prices and greater profits to all. If you are disposed to join with other citrus fruit producers for mutual benefit write to the Florida Citrus Exchange, Tampa, Fla., or call on

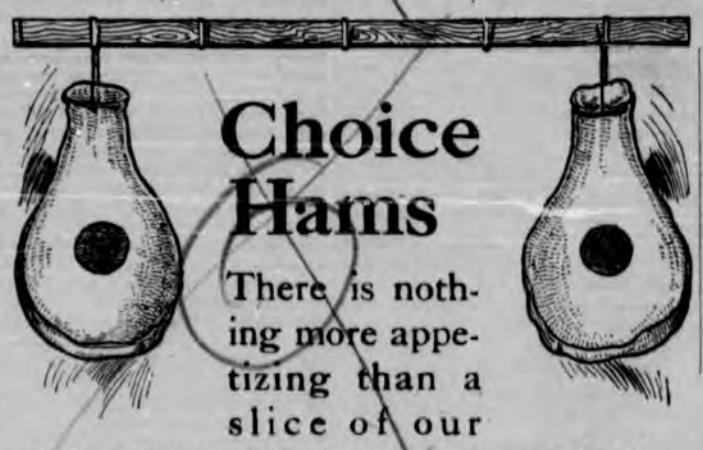
L. A. HAKES, Mgr. Orange County Citrus Sub-Exchange
Orlando, Fla.

FLORIDA CITRUS EXCHANGE

P. E. MORGAN

GENERAL CONTRACTOR and BUILDER

P. O. Box 178 PHONE 14 St. Cloud, Florida



Choice Hams

There is nothing more appetizing than a slice of our choice ham. We have them smoked or boiled as you prefer, and fried or baked or cooked in any other of the many ways, they have a flavor you will not soon forget. We have anything you may want in the line of meats.

ROWLAND'S NEW YORK MARKET
New York Avenue Next to Farris Hotel

ST. CLOUD TRIBUNE

Published Every Thursday by St. Cloud Tribune Company.

Entered as Second-class Mail Matter, April 28, 1910, at the Postoffice at St. Cloud, Florida, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

The Tribune is published every Thursday and mailed to any part of the United States, postage free, for $2.00 a year, $1.00 six months, or 50c three months—strictly in advance.

In sending in your subscription, always state whether renewal or new subscriber.

In changing your address be sure to give former address.

Reading notices in local column, 10c a line. Rates for display advertising furnished on application.

Advertising bills are payable on the first of each month. Parties not known to us will be required to pay in advance.

[illegible]IPTION, PAYABLE IN [illegible]NCE, $2.00 A YEAR.

C. F. JOHNSON, Editor and [illegible]

MEMBER FLORIDA STATE PRESS ASSOCIATION

ANSWERING A CALL FOR CONSERVATION.

Twenty years or more the household and culinary departments of magazines and newspapers have been urging the use of fireless cookers in the kitchens in our country—especially in warm weather or in a warm climate.

Years ago the home-economics bureau of our Federal Department of Agriculture endorsed fireless cookers and since has continuously urged their use.

Various State Departments of Agriculture have added their advise and influence in favor of general use of this humane and money-saving invention.

Now the Federal Food Administration is urging this utensil as an important medium for conserving food, time, money, and health—urges it as an accessory to winning the war.

The Federal Food Administration also argues for fireless cooking as an important means for conserving fuel and relieving the fuel situation.

The home-economics bureau of the Florida State College for Women (at Tallahassee) has been delegated to promote this phase of conservation of food, fuel, etc.

Florida's newspapers are asked to aid this work. The St. Cloud Tribune wants to do its full share—not only as a part of our country's war program, but also because of humane consideration for the women who toil and broil over cook stoves, and also because of common-sense economy.

In view of these facts, this newspaper intends constantly to remind and inform its readers of the importance of complying with the requests of the fuel and food officials that fireless cooking be made a feature of every kitchen if possible.

———o———

WOMEN AND GOVERNMENT.

"Politics" is the science of government.

Administration of any government involves the health, the wealth, and the lives of those human beings who participate in or live under its regulations.

No distinction of sex in relation to taxation, to property, and to personal misconduct.

Women are recognized as free agents and as having in such matters an intelligence and a discretion approximating those of the masculine sex.

Being free agents, and having intelligence and discretion, why should they be debarred from a say-so in shaping the laws which they and their offspring must obey?

St. Cloud will take a step forward if on Sept. 12 its men vote that their mothers, wives, and daughters shall have voices in the city government under which they live and the mandates of which they must obey.

———o———

The Supreme Court of the United States has "knocked out" the child-labor statute enacted by our Congress. Some day this court will do something extra exasperating, and the people will become real peeved and knock out its "supreme" part. It has too much power—too much power to be placed in the hands of a little oligarchy of nine men who are responsible to themselves only. No country on Earth has a court so powerful.

———o———

His Billiousness of Berlin quite recently summoned the Imperial Council to meet for "consideration of the future." He and the [illegible] have made quite a mess of things so far. So much so that he might do considerably better if he would consult some astrologer or clairvoyant—some modern Witch of Endor to help Germany's modern Saul [illegible] Saul's pardon[illegible].

———o———

Some physiologists now assert women are "in their prime" when 45 to 50 years old. "Yet there are people who marvel at the winning ways of the widow," says the Jacksonville Times-Union.

OUR SAVED FOOD FED THE ALLIES

Food Administrator Writes President America Conserved 141,000,000 Bushels Wheat.

CREDIT DUE TO WOMEN.

Meat and Fat Shipments Increased by 844,600,000 Pounds.

[illegible] the American people enabled the United States to ship to the Allied peoples and to our own forces overseas 141,000,000 bushels of wheat and 844,000,000 pounds of meat during the past year, valued in all at $1,400,000,000. This was accomplished in the face of a serious food shortage in this country, bespeaking the wholeheartedness and patriotism with which the American people have met the food crisis abroad.

Food Administrator Hoover, in a letter to President Wilson, explains how the situation was met. The voluntary conservation program fostered by the Food Administration enabled the piling up of the millions of bushels of wheat during 1917-18 and the shipment of meat during 1917-18.

The total value of all food shipments to Allied destinations amounted to $1,400,000,000, all this food being bought through or in collaboration with the Food Administration. These figures are all based on official reports and represent food exports for the harvest year that closed June 30, 1918.

The shipments of meats and fats (including meat products, dairy products, vegetable oils, etc.) to Allied destinations were as follows:

Fiscal year 1916-17....	2,166,500,000 lbs.
Fiscal year 1917-18....	3,011,100,000 lbs.
Increase	844,600,000 lbs.

Our slaughterable animals at the beginning of the last fiscal year were not appreciably larger than the year before and particularly in hogs; they were probably less. The increase in shipments is due to conservation and the extra weight of animals added by our farmers.

The full effect of these efforts began to bear their best results in the last half of the fiscal year, when the exports to the Allies were 2,133,100,000 pounds, as against 1,266,500,000 pounds in the same period of the year before. This compares with an average of 801,000,000 pounds of total exports for the same half years in the three-year pre-war period.

In cereals and cereal products reduced to terms of cereal bushels our shipments to Allied destinations have been:

Fiscal year 1916-17..	259,900,000 bushels
Fiscal year 1917-18..	340,800,000 bushels
Increase	80,900,000 bushels

Of these cereals our shipments of the prime breadstuffs in the fiscal year 1917-18 to Allied destinations were: Wheat 131,000,000 bushels and of rye 13,900,000 bushels, a total of 144,900,000 bushels.

The exports to Allied destinations during the fiscal year 1916-17 were: Wheat 135,100,000 bushels and rye 2,300,000 bushels, a total of 137,400,000 bushels. In addition some 10,000,000 bushels of 1917 wheat are now in port for Allied destinations or en route thereto. The total shipments to Allied countries from our last harvest of wheat will be therefore, about 141,000,000 bushels, or a total of 154,900,000 bushels of prime breadstuffs. In addition to this we have shipped some 10,000,000 bushels to neutrals dependent upon us, and we have received some imports from other quarters.

"This accomplishment of our people in this matter stands out even more clearly if we bear in mind that we had available in the fiscal year 1916-17 from net carry-over and as surplus over our normal consumption about 200,000,000 bushels of wheat which we were able to export that year without trenching on our home loaf," Mr. Hoover said. "This last year, however, owing to the large failure of the 1917 wheat crop, we had available from net carry-over and production and imports only just about our normal consumption. Therefore our wheat shipments to Allied destinations represent approximately savings from our own wheat bread.

"These figures, however, do not fully convey the volume of the effort and sacrifice made during the past year by the whole American people. Despite the magnificent effort of our agricultural population in planting a much increased acreage in 1917, not only was there a very large failure in wheat, but also the corn failed to mature properly, and our corn is our dominant crop.

"I am sure," Mr. Hoover wrote in concluding his report, "that all the millions of our people, agricultural as well as urban, who have contributed to these results should feel a very definite satisfaction that in a year of universal food shortages in the northern hemisphere all of those people joined together against Germany have come through into sight of the coming harvest not only with wealth and strength fully maintained, but with only temporary periods of hardship.

"It is difficult to distinguish between various sections of our people—the homes, public eating places, food trades, urban or agricultural populations—in assessing credit for these results, but no one will deny the dominant part of the American women."

More people read the St. Cloud Tribune than any other county paper.

LETTERS FROM OUR SOLDIERS AND SAILORS "OVER THERE"

HOME FOLKS HEAR FROM ERNEST PENN

Waukegan, Ill., Sept. 1, 1918.

Dear Mother and Father:

Just a few words to say that I am feeling fine. Could not be enjoying better health. Like it better every day I stay here.

I was transferred last week to the Armed Guard School, Main Station, and I like it just fine. I don't know just how long I will be in this school. That is how uncertain it is. You never know from one day to the next what you are going to do. [illegible] I will be here for a while.

Got twelve hours liberty today, so come up to Waukegan. It is a very pretty little town, about four miles north of the station. About 20,000 inhabitants and located on Lake Michigan. I just had a walk out on the pier and one can get a wonderful view of the surrounding country.

Say, Dad, I had my first experience last night sleeping in a hammock, and I didn't fall out either. Five of the fellows did and one of them fell out three times. They are not quite as handy as a bed, but guess they will be all right when I get used to them. We get lots of drilling every day. I am getting so I can handle a gun pretty well. Some of the rules have been changed considerably from what you were taught, but as a whole they remain the same.

This certainly is some training camp. There are about 47,000 training here—a city within itself. Wish you could see it. There were about 50,000 people visiting the station last Sunday. There are at least that many every Sunday, and nearly that many every Wednesday. Those are the only two visiting days. The people are certainly kind and do everything they can to make it pleasant for us. I am sending you a magazine that is printed here. It will give you some idea of the station, and how things are run. Take particular notice of some pictures, Great Lakes, America, Viva la France, Victory and Liberty. I helped form all of them. There are others that will be out in the next issue.

Must close, hoping this will find you both in the best of health, and that I may hear from you soon. With best regards to all my friends.

Your son, ERNEST.

Armed Guard School, Great Lakes, Ill.

NEWS FROM LIEUT. HUFFMAN.

Mr. and Mrs. Josh Ferguson are in receipt of a nice ten-page letter from Lieut. J. M. Huffman, "somewhere in France," under date of Aug. 8, in which he states he is just back from a three-week engagement at the front-line trenches in which his battalion was the leading unit and chased the Huns so fast that the kitchens and supplies could not keep up with the Sammies; but, he says, they were "one happy bunch," as they were defeating the enemy at every turn.

ROBERT A. TERRY, AT THE FRONT, WRITES HOME FOLKS

Robert A. Terry, who is serving on the line of battle in France, writes a letter to his St. Cloud relatives, from France and under date of Aug. 18. Following are extracts taken from it:

"I think I wrote you that the Thirtieth Engineers is not attached to any division and never operates as an entire regiment. The different companies are moved up and down the line according to the calls from the different division commanders for work along our line. We have a permanent regimental headquarters back of the zone of action, and all of our mail goes there and is reforwarded to the companies wherever they happen to be.

"I think I said I was in the flame throwers' sectio, but I was also a member of a gun team in the gas section, and when my platoon was called to the front I went along with it. I don't know whether I shall get back into the flame throwers or not. I would have liked to stay with them, for they are a new thing in the American army, and it seems to me that they have great possibilities.

"Our work in the gas section is all done at night, and we do our sleeping in the daytime. I ought to be sleeping now, but the Frenchman in whose barn I am sleeping is thrashing wheat today, and his infant-size machine makes nearly as much noise as an American outfit; so my chance to sleep is small. If we can't sleep, we have to kill time just any old way. Some play cards, some pitch quoits. If we [illegible] we read [illegible]. If we [illegible] cooties, we read the New York Herald, the ultimate zero in the newspaper line. When we have enough cooties we go to the delousing station and get a bath and a change of clothes.

"Up here the airplanes are some amusement. Two German planes were shot down close to town yesterday. The aviator from one of them was brought into the town dead. Those who saw him said his clothes were considerably patched, which, they thought, indicated hard times in Germany. Most of the airplane work is done at night, and it is an unusual evening when we fail to hear Fritz buzzing around overhead. You can tell the German planes from ours by sound of the motors, or in daylight by the color of the anti-aircraft shells, which are pretty sure to be bursting somewhere around the planes.

"I heard a bombing raid on two of the larger French cities near here a week ago. We heard Fritz going over our heads (we were at work at the front trench), and several minutes later the bomb explosions and the popping of the anti-aircraft shrapnel. We could not see the planes, but we could see the flashes of the shells and the French searchlight's rays. The shrapnel did not bother Fritz, apparently, for in an hour or two back he came over us and on his way home.

"The Mercedes motor, which the Germans use on their planes, sounds just like a big bumblebee buzzing around a cluster of flowers. It has a very deep French motor is higher pitched and makes a steady roar. You can hear the tone and works in beats, while the latter for miles on a still day.

"Up here we are close enough to the lines to have to wear arms, helmets, and gas masks all the time, and the streets of the little town are camouflaged to keep the German balloon observers from seeing what goes on in the streets. The town has been shelled in the past and still is within range of enemy guns.

"We are luckier than the doughboys in not having to live in the dugouts. We usually go up early in the evening in motor trucks until we get close enough so that Fritz might hear them, and then walk from there to the trench line. Sometimes we work forty or sixty miles from where we are quartered, and then we have to start out in the afternoon, and do not get back until long after sunrise. This gives us a good view of the French countryside, which in these parts surely deserves to be called 'La Belle France.'

"The French do not live in isolated farmhouses, like American farmers, but in little villages two or three miles apart.

"Once I saw the little house where Joan of Arc was born, and the church where she told to the priests her visions.

"The only reminder of war you get in these villages back of the zone of action is the presence of soldiers, both French and American, and once in a while a stray Tommy.

"Near the active line one sees long lines of barbed-wire entanglements, with trenches behind them, stretching off across the hills. No soldiers here. They may be tenth or twentieth line of defense, in case Fritz wants to 'drive' here.

"We find the streets and roads camouflaged, woven wire interwoven with twigs or strips of sacking; but now the houses are broken or are mere wrecks of mortar and stones.

"As it gets dark, we get the order, 'Gas alert.' This means my gas-mask sack must be hung on my chest, the flap unbuttoned and the mask ready to be put on in six seconds. The gas-defense motto is: 'In this war, there are two kinds of men—the quick and the dead.' We load our rifles and string out 50 to 100 yards apart, so a shell will not get more than one at a time if Fritz puts one here, at ——. I am afraid if I take you any closer to the front line, the censor will take up your pass.

"About 3 a. m. we start back. If we have had a 'show night,' there will be conversation; if not, we go along without looking at the scenery.

"Yours, ROBERT A. TERRY."

MRS. A. SCHOFIELD HEARS FROM SON IN FRANCE

Dear Mother:

I have received two letters from you and a lot from Gladys. I am, as usual well and comfortable as war will let a fellow be.

Today is Sunday, and we did not have to work. Early this morning we had the pleasure of seeing a German avion fall to destruction.

What do you think of the yellow devils who are pushing the Hun into the sea?

Mother, if you could only see the houses and factories that have been destroyed! We were laying cable thru a field, in a ditch, and we dug up soldiers, both German ad French, that evidently had been buried in great haste. Sherman was right.

Oh, yes; I am almost out of hearing of the big guns and in no danger. The only pepole here are the Red Cross and the Salvation Army.

Just think! There are huts where hot, crisp doughnuts, pie, and coffee can be had for the asking all the time, while the other outfit is after the money all the time; they even overcharge on most things. The Salvation Army lassies wear the gas masks and tin helmets close to the trenches and work, oh, so hard. They do not ask the public for any large donations, and the workers are often not paid. The Red Cross is wonderful, too. They have a store here, with everything, and your money is no good.

There is a chance that I will go to the Signal Corps School over here. I am going to try, anyway.

Well, mother, it is time to crawl between the blankets. So I would better quit for this time. Lovingly,

EARL.

LETTER FROM EDWARD VEEDER.

To ease the minds of several of the relatives and friends of those who went from St. Cloud to Brunswick, Ga., to work at government employment, we print the following from a letter recently received by Mrs. Mary Veeder from her son Edward:

"I am working and living and sleeping out in the woods—pulling stumps. The grub here is charged up at every meal. It is of sausage, grits, bread, prunes, and coffee, for breakfast; potatoes, roast beef, yams, turnips, pudding, and coffee, for dinner; roast pork, potatoes, bread, corn bread, coffee, macaroni, or spaghetti, with tomato sauce, for supper. We are given $[illegible] worth of meal tickets every other day. We are clearing land and building bunkhouses. In the bunkhouse in which I am quartered there are [illegible] beds, and I sleep [illegible] upper [illegible] and have a St. Cloud mate which makes it very [illegible] as [illegible]. The grub is O. K. Tell [illegible] there is not a single slacker in this camp. We are all working our hardest to the [illegible] lasting confusion of the Huns."

The work in which Edward is engaged is the construction of a [illegible] plant for the government. [illegible] the [illegible] to the workmen. He [illegible] a clipping from an Atlanta newspaper as follows:

"Atlanta laborers who go to Brunswick to work in the [illegible] plant need not fear the high cost of living, for it is announced that the government is conducting a cafeteria at the plant for the workmen, at which a meal can be purchased for as low as 15 cents. For this small amount the cafeteria serves roast-beef stew and bread and butter, or roast beef or roast pork and sweet potatoes.

For 5 cents more, one will be served with succotash, braised pork with beans, or wieners and potato salad, or any vegetable in season. Ice cream or pie and other desserts cost 5 cents extra. In addition to these very reasonable charges, sleeping quarters are supplied free to the men. Wages range from $3.30 for common labor to $8.25 for skilled mechanics.

GIRLS OF MINE.

(Dedicated to Mrs. Fannie Swan Cathcart, St. Cloud, Fla., by Corporal H. A. Cathcart, Company B, 513th Engineers, S. B., American Expeditionary Forces, via New York, N. Y.)

[illegible]
When [illegible] kissed you and went away—
Kissed you and left you busy at play,
Girls of mine?
You told me then to "come back pretty soon"
(I think you expected me back at noon).
Have you watched for me since from the "upper room,"
Girls of mine?

It's a very long time that you have to wait—
From babyhood on through to girlhood's gate.
Dou you still think that "Daddy is awful late,"
Girls of mine?
I'm hungry for you and your Mother's eyes;
And many a day, when the sunlight dies,
I look for you there in the western skies,
Girls of mine.

But, though there are faces of angels there,
There's none with my babes can compare—
Babies with Mother's eyes and hair,
Girls of mine.
And so I can only stay and wait
'Till I come to the road with the peaceful gate;
It's the road that will lead me back to you straight,
Girls of mine;
And then I shall find that His Words are true;
And there, in the evening's damp and dew,
I shall travel down that last trail with you,
Girls of mine;
And there we shall know as we are known,
The cause of the heartaches, tear, and groan,
And he will gather us to him, no more to moan,
Girls of mine.

SOME FLORIDA NEWS

Frederick W. Greene, a blacksmith at Plant City, was shot and killed by his wife recently at their home there. She claims he came home drunk and began beating his 5year-old stepson, and then turned on her and began to maltreat her.

R. T. French & Co. of Chicago have purchased 1,700 acres of land near La Belle, Lee county, and will plant sea-island cotton on it. Small patches of cotton have been successfully grown in that section, but the lack of a cotton gin and proper transportation facilities prevented planting of extensive acreage. The Atlantic Coast Line railroad recently has entered that section, and the hard-surfaced road to Fort Myers is nearly completed, and there is also cross-state water transportation; so the upper part of the Caloosahatchee valley will have adequate transportation henceforth. Responsible men in the valley are offering to install ginning machinery if assured that an acreage of cotton adequate for its profitable operation will be planted.

Wesley Bible Class Federation, organized at Orlando in October of 1915, will meet in Tampa next month. Attendance of more than 400 delegates expected. Colonel James H. Bunch of Jacksonville is president of the organization.

L. E. Polk, well-known nurseryman at Eagle Lake, died in a Tampa hospital last week.

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Yank: Come to Florida this winter, and save that coal bill, save that doctor bill, and help defeat that Berlin Bill.

YOUR CHANCE
50-foot corner lot Penn. Avenue, best residence location in the city
$250
S. W. PORTER, Real Estate
Fire, Life and Auto Insurance. Penn. Ave.

TAX PAYERS' AGENCY
A. E. Drought, Manager
State, County and City Taxes paid; Abstracts furnished; Deeds recorded; Fire Insurance; Real Estate; Notary Public; Estates administrated. 39-tf

W. FRANK KENNEY
Paints, Carves and Frames
[illegible]
121 New York Ave. Box 438

CALL Model Dairy FOR PURE MILK and CREAM 21-tf

Take your shoes to JOHN SHIVERS
For half soles or any repairs.
The TIN HOUSE SHOE SHOP
Tenth Street across from the Hotel

NEWS OF KISSIMMEE

O. C. McLean and family of Lake Barton are living in Kissimmee so that their daughter Edith may have the advantages of attending the Osceola County High School.

Miss M. C. Bryan and Miss Emma Yowell, teachers in the Kissimmee schools, are back home from attending the summer school for teachers at the University of Tennesse (Nashville).

Myron B. Kenney, who resided in Kissimmee until four months ago, has died in DeLand, Fla., where lately he had made his home.

J. M. Truett of Frostproof, Fla., has assumed the duties of the clerical position vacated in the Citizens' Bank by B. T. Bryan. The latter is now with the Fidelity Bank of New Smyrna.

Rev. J. J. Farmer, pastor of the South Kissimmee Baptist Mission congregation, and Mrs. Farmer are visiting J. J. Carson (Mrs. Farmer's brother), at Reynolds, Ga. Both lately left an Atlanta (Ga.) hospital, where they had been receiving medical treatment. They soon will return to Kissimmee.

Friends of Miss Jessie Padgett, sister of Mrs. Milton Pledger of Kissimmee, will be pleasantly surprised to learn that she was united in marriage Saturday of last week to Joseph F. Klemham, the ceremony taking place at Camp Johnston, near Jacksonville, where the groom had been in service and from which place he was expecting to embark on a trip to Europe to get on the firing line. Mrs. Klemham (nee Padgett) had been employed recently as a stenographer in Jacksonville.

The distinctive compliment of being selected from among a large number of other officers to lecture at the various military camps in the United States about important features of military training has lately fallen to Capt. Eugene C. Bryan. He is the son of N. C. Bryan, Osceola county's Representative in the Florida Legislature, and he graduated from the officers' training camp at Fort McPherson, near Atlanta, Ga., then was made commander of Company H, 325th Infantry, and later was appointed camp intelligence to Washington, D. C., whence he has been sent to tour the country in his capacity as military lecturer.

Staring Germany in the Face.

General von Blume admits that "it would be a very serious thing if the German higher command had to face an American fighting army of millions." Well, that is just what the German higher command will have either to face or to turn its back on.—Springfield Republican.

No Limit to Patriotic Zeal.

Speaker Champ Clark would raise the age limit for the draft to sixty-eight so that he could get in. Why not make the sky the limit, as we sometimes do in politics; then everybody who wants to fight—and who doesn't?—would be eligible.—Philadelphia Press.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS AND TOMATO PLANTS FOR SALE
NOW IS THE TIME TO SET PLANTS
DAVID BLUBAUGH Eleventh Street and Michigan Avenue

St. Cloud School will open September 16th and you mothers who have boys needing clothes will find an "UP TO THE MINUTE LINE" at
EDWARDS BROS.
COR. PENNSYLVANIA AVE. 10TH. ST.

COMING VISITING GOING

ST. CLOUDLETS

LOCAL PERSONAL SOCIAL

You can pay county or city taxes at A. E. Dougherty's office. 20-tf

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Austin of Fell's Point were in our city Saturday.

666 cures by removing the cause. 10t.

Uncle Josh Ferguson was a business caller in Kissimmee on Monday afternoon.

666 cures Malarial Fever. 10t.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Reynolds are now pleasantly located in the Conn building.

666 cures Malarial Fever. 10t.

J. A. Stevenson, state fire-insurance adjuster, from Jacksonville, was a business visitor in St. Cloud on Tuesday.

Miss Olga Bowen leaves this week for DeLand, Fla., where she goes to attend college.

666 cures Chills and Fever. 10t.

The Loyal Women's Class of the Christian Church will meet in the church Friday afternoon to quilt.

FIRE—Is your home insured, if not why not? See W. G. King. 20tf

J. H. Sellers left Wednesday for Davenport, Fla., for a vacation of several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Grimm ,who have been visiting at Fort Wayne, Ind., arrived in St. Cloud on Saturday.

Dr. P. L. Barton arrived here Monday from Colorado, where he has been spending the summer.

Minerva B. Cushman, M. D., D. O., Homeopath. Phone 48. 24tf

E. E. Mallory, who has been summering at Syracuse, Ohio, returned to the Wonder City on Saturday morning.

Mrs. Mary McLain, who has been spending the summer with relatives at Akron, Ohio, arrived here Saturday.

Mrs. G. A. Bleech spent a part of last week as a guest of Mrs. Rothwell at Lake Gentry.

666 contains no alcohol, arsenic, nor other poisonous drugs. 49-10t.

Mr. and Mrs. Drawdy and Mrs. A. E. Bass, from Whittier, were visitors in St. Cloud on Friday of last week.

L. C. Riddle, dentist. Office hours 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Conn building. 51tf.

James Lemon of Cincinnati, Ohio, arrived Monday evening and is located at Johnson's on Eleventh street.

Miss Iva Marshall left Tuesday to visit relatives at Portageville, Mo., but expects to return to St. Cloud this autumn.

Kathleen Goff and her cousin, Margaret Livingston, leave Monday for Tallahassee, where they will attend the State College for Women.

Mrs. Harry Goss left Wednesday for St. Petersburg, Fla., where she will teach in one of the public schools this winter.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Carlson and little son Robert returned home Tuesday from Chicago, where they had been visiting relatives several weeks.

Mrs. J. K. Conn and two children, who have been spending the summer with relatives at Point Marion, Pa., arrived home Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Melissa Barrett, who has been visiting her sisters, Mrs. Ollie Harris and Miss Mittie May, left on Sunday for her Northern home.

666 cures Headaches, Billiousness, Loss of Appetite, or that tired aching feeling, due to Malaria or Colds. Fine Tonic. 49-10t.

MALLORY'S

Feed,

Groceries

Fruit

MALLORY'S

S. W. Porter, real estate, insurance.

The Elsie P. McElroy Auxiliary met Monday afternoon in the Moose Home and made plans for a Halloween social for the afternoon of Oct. 31.

J. W. Smith, Kennucky avenue and Seventh street, has plants for sale. 3-tf

The Loyal Daughters Class of the Christian Church will meet on Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Pascha, Strode, on Massachusetts avenue.

[illegible] Porter. tf

Mrs. Coble and granddaughter, Miss Alma, moved their home on Wednesday from Massachusetts avenue to Maryland avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Helms returned to St. Cloud last Friday after an extended visit to Ohio, Michigan, and Pennsylvania.

Miss Margaret Kenton of Kissimmee was the pleasant guest of Miss Vera Johnson in St. Cloud on Thursday and Friday of last week.

Mrs. C. D. Dyall and baby, who had been visiting friends in the North, arrived here Wednesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Dyall will reside on Pennsylvania avenue near Sixth street.

Mrs. Aurora M. Edwards and small son George arrived Tuesday evening to visit her friend, Dr. M. B. Cushman. Mrs. Edwards is teacher of expression at Ruskin College, Ruskin, Fla.

John F. Daniels, who is employed in a shipyard at Jacksonville, Fla., arrived home Sunday afternoon for a rest of several days, as he has not been well lately.

Comrade Morrill, who has been a patient at the Chunn hospital returned to his home this week much improved in health. He has been under the care of Dr. E. G. Farris.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Deschner returned to their home here Friday evening. He has been at Johnson City, Tenn., and Mrs. Deschner has visited her old home at Vinton, Iowa.

Mrs. Greeplee and daughter arrived Wednesday evening from Kansas City, Mo., and are stopping with their father and grandfather, J. W. Rankin of 624 Massachusetts avenue.

Miss Bonnie Ricketts, who has been spending her vacation with friends in St. Cloud, left on Thursday for Tampa, where she is training to be a nurse in the Gordon Keller hospital.

Prof. Bullard and his family, who have been visiting relatives and friends at Savannah and Augusta, in Georgia, arrived here Tuesday for preparation for the opening of the public schools, next Monday.

Public schools in St. Cloud will open at 8 o'clock next Monday morning. All dren who expect to enroll for the new children who expect tto enroll for the new term are requested to be on hand before that hour.

Gordon H. Clark, formerly owner of the Seminole pharmacy, was a visitor in this city last Sunday. He now is located at Palatka, where, he states, new people already are filling up that town for the winter.

Wm. Milar, Rev. and Mrs. Frank Kenney, Mr. and Mrs. John Houston, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Penn, Mr. and Mrs. McKay went by automobile Thursday to Lake Gentry, where the day was spent catching fish.

C. P. Coyle is at home for a ten-day vacation, having suffered an injury to one foot that requires him to stop work for a time to recover. He has been engaged in war work in Northern cities, and willl resume his occupation in about ten days.

Mrs. Lulu Atwood, who has been staying the summer here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Arrowsmith, left Wednesday for St. Petersburg, where she will be a teacher in the public school. She was accompanied by her two children, Newell and Richard Atwood.

To Walter Harris has been awarded the contract to do the plumbing in the three new Farris buildings, on New York avenue and Eleventh street. Mr. Harris has done virtually all the plumbing that has been installed in this city since the new water works system has been ready for connection.

G. F. Bullard, vice-president of the Peninsular Engineering Company, the contractor on the asphalt road being constructed through this city, has sold his interest in that company and has tendered his resignation as one of its officers, having entered the contracting business on the east coast. He and his associates have purchased the contract for city improvements in Lake Worth, Fla., which originally was held by the Peninsular Company. Mr. Bullard has many friends here who will be pleased to learn that he has entered the contracting business on his own account.

Miss Vera Johnson is spending several days in Kissimmee this week as the guest of Miss Margaret Kenton, on Broadway.

LIVINGSTON METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Livingston Mission Methodist Episcopal Church was able to bring in a good report to the Third Quarterly Conference, held in the church last Saturday morning, with Rev. John H. Martin, D. D., in the chair. The reports showed every department of the church at work, and doing good work, and the financial condition was satisfactory.

The church was greatly profited by the effective work Dr. Martin did while among us. He came Friday afternoon, preached to a large audience Friday evening, and spoke at the Veterans' Association Saturday afternoon, and held the Quarterly Conference on Saturday morning, preached an eloquent sermon, Sunday morning, and went to Brown's Chapel and preached there at 2:30 p. m., and then went to Taft for the evening service. Thus this good man is full of labors of love and good works.

The picnic Thursday was a pronounced success. About 200 attended, and every one had a fine time. Most of the young folks took to the lake and enjoyed a fine time at swimming. The older people took pleasure in visiting, singing, and enjoying the cool shade of the fine grove. The dinner did not look as if the war cloud is having any effect on the food resources of the country. Some picnickers were greatly disappointed that there was more pie than [illegible]

The regular monthly meeting of the Sunday School Board showed the Sunday school to be in good condition. Prof. H. H. Bullard was elected teacher of the Yoke Fellows class. A rising vote of thanks was given to all who assisted in making the picnic a success; to Mr Partin for the use of his fine grove; to Mr. and Mrs. Wentworth for cleaning it for our use; to Mr. and Mrs. Ricketts for the genial manner in which they made us welcome and helped to make the affair a success; to Mr. Cooley for the coffee; to Mrs. Cox for caring for the cups; to Messrs. Tomlinson, Porter, Difendorf, Goff, Lowe, Brown, McKay, and Godwin, and Mrs. Harris for the free use of their automobiles; to Mr. Fo for taking the tables and cooking utensils, and to any or all others who assisted in making the picnic a memorable day.

We regret that we must lose Mrs. Atwood and Mrs. Goss, who have gone to St. Petersburg to teach, but we are glad to welcome home again the many members and friends of the church who are coming to us from far and wide. Welcome home! We trust this winter may be mutually beneficial to all members and friends of the church.

JOHN J. KEENE KILLS HIMSELF BECAUSE ILL

From Orange Center comes the regrettable news that an old and respected resident of that locality took his own life some days ago because of illness.

John J. Keene (better known as "Jack"), who formerly lived in the Shingle Creek neighborhood of Osceola county, but who had been at Orange Center several years, used a shotgun with fatal effect on his head. He was about 60 years old. The cause of his act is supposed to be his sufferings from asthma, of which disease he had been a victim many years.

Mr. Keene evidently deliberately did the deed that ended his own life. He had arranged his business affairs so that they would not be in a disarranged condition. He left a letter stating that he contemplated the act of death, even outlining his plans for it. He was one of the most highly respected men who ever lived in Osceola county, and he leaves a large number of friends to regret his departure from this life.

BULGE PACK FOR CITRUS FRUITS TO BE CONTINUED

—Dicision by railroad administration officials permitting the continuance of the "bulge" pack for citrus fruits reached at a meeting here Wednesday and Thursday is another example of the benefit to growers of proper organization.

Certain of the railway officials had reached the conclusion that the "bulge" pack should be discarded, basing their belief on hurried investigations covering a limited number of markets. Data completely disproving their contentions had been gathered by the Florida Citrus Exchange and this was ably presented to the meeting by C. E. Stuart, Jr., the business manager.

Mr. Stuart's facts and figures were fully substantuated by the testimony of Mr. Tyler, traffic manager of Chase & Co., S. O. Chase, of Sanford, J. H. Sadler, of Tildenville, Ed Scott, of Arcadia, C. H. Walker, of Bartow and a number of others. A vote of the several score of growers and shippers of citrus fruits present was unanimous in favor of the "bulge" pack.

As some of the railroad men were insistent that this unanimity of opinion should be disregarded, arrangements were made to call in an arbitration committee provided by the federal administration of railroads for the handling of such controversies. The whole matter was again gone over before this committee, the debate being led for the "bulge" pack by Mr. Stewart and against it by A. C. Kenley, freight superintendent of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway."

It was clearly brought out that more than fifty percent of the orange and grapefruit growers in Florida were represented at the meeting and that all were in favor of the "bulge" pack. The facts presented clearly disproved the claims that caused unusual decay of fruit. After three hours heated discussion, the federal arbitrators agreed to permit the continued use of this form of crate, the "bulge" not to exceed 1 1-2 inches on oranges nor 2 1-2 inches on grapefruit.

After the meeting, which ended harmoniously, though Mr. Kenley still contented that the "bulge" pack should be eliminated, Mr. Stewart was warmy complimented on the manner in which the Florida Citrus Exchange had prepared for the issue. It was the general feeling among those present that but for this advance work of the Exchange there might have been such action taken as to seriously endanger the right of growers to use the "bulge" pack, which they know to be so essential.

Preachment on Buying at Home

IN TWELVE PARTS PART NINE

The Small City's Place

Population is divided about equally between the country and the city. In the country, conditions are very much the same everywhere. The city dweller is of many kinds. The citizen of the small town is confronted with small-town conditions; the man in the medium-sized city has still other surroundings and the resident of a great city must live and conduct his affairs in yet another manner.

✣ ✣ ✣

Twentieth-century civilization is complex and human activity is much diversified.

✣ ✣ ✣

The prosperity and happiness of each class depends entirely upon the prosperity of every other class. The ruralist must have the manufactured products of the city. The city looks to the rural districts for certain other products. Each has its own particular work to perform. Each helps and is helped by the other. Co-operation is the keynote.

✣ ✣ ✣

The town and the small city have their own important place. They have duties to perform, obligations to fulfill. Any condition or state of affairs which tends to ruin the prosperity of the country town overturns the economic balancee, the "poise," of the entire countryside.

✣ ✣ ✣

Every dollar sent out of your community destroys just that much of your community's assets—robs it of just that much of its power for growth and good government. Every dollar sent to a distant city adds just that much more to the power of those far away, who are not interested in your welfare, and weakens you just that much in your fight for good roads, good government, and good schools.

ANNOUNCEMENT

I have purchased the interest of D. C. Cope in the store which has been conducted under the name of Milar & Cope, and will continue to serve my patrons in the same coruteous and prompt manner. I trust that I shall have your continued patronage when you need anything in the line of fresh meats, groceries, vegetables, etc.

WM. MILAR

New York Avenue Next Door to Angels

One Debt We Owe.

"It was on July 30, four years ago, that Great Britain made its reply to the impossible proposals of Germany, that England stand aside and let the brute have its way." And that reply was couched in the ringing words of Earl Grey which ought hereafter to be in the schoolbooks of every nation where our civilization is revered. When you think of England think of what she did that day—for you adn me. —Berkshire Eagle.

For You, Mr. Landsdowne.

Lord Landsdowne wants to know what the Allies are fighting for. Unfortunately, among the things for which they are fighting is to preserve to Lord Landsdowne and others the right to make Landsdowne speeches without going to jail.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

The Way to Open German Eyes.

Dr. Chauncey M. Depew has lost none of his old knack of putting into words the essential things we have to do. "We must get into Germany," he says. "When that surgical operation is performed they will see the light. An operation for blindness is hoped for by laymen, approved by the faculty.—New York Sun.

Patriot vs. Pig.

The American soldier would rather fight than eat; offering an immense contrast to the profiteer who would rather eat than fight.—Washington Star.

It is all very well to Ludendorff to explain that the retreat is quite according to the programme, but was the crown prince notified in advance that he was to be made the royal goat?—Springfield Republican.

The New ST. CLOUD Hotel

Will open about October 1st. for the winter season

Manager.

LODGE DIRECTORY

Odd Fellows

St. Cloud Lodge No. 66, I. O. O. F., meets every Tuesday evening in the G. A. R. Hall. Fred B. Kenney, Secretary. Visiting brothers always welcome.

Loyal Order of Moose, No. 1577, meets every first and second Wednesday, in the Moose Home, Miles Building. G. C. Outlaw, Secretary. Visiting members welcome to home at any time and will be given hand of fellowship at all meetings.

Woodmen of the World

Lynn Camp, No. 127, Woodmen of the World, meets every second and fourth Thursday of the month. G. C. Outlaw, Clerk. Visiting members are always welcome.

Daughters of Rebekah

Benevolent Lodge No. 23, Daughters of Rebekah, meet in G. A. R. Hall every second and fourth Mondays, at 7:30 p. m. Mrs. Clara Sims, Secretary. All visiting Rebekahs cordially invited to attend our meetings.

Daughters of Veterans

Mother Bickerdyke Tent No. 1, Daughters of Veterans, meet the first and third Tuesdays, at 2 p. m., in the G. A. R. Hall. Mrs. Jennie Reinhart, President. Jane R. Warner, Secretary.

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BEST WAR NEWS IN THE TAMPA DAILY TIMES

The most war news and the best war news has been the consistent policy of the Tampa Daily Times since the start.

The Times receives the full day and night reports of the Associated Press over leased wires, it is a full member of the Newspaper Enterprise Association and receives the stories of many trained correspondents at the front. It also prints the best pictures and maps.

Few newspapers outside of the largest cities equal it in the quantity and quality of war news—none prints the news any quicker.

The reading public has been quick to appreciated. The Times' splendid news service. It is now one of the most widely read dailies in the state.

The Times will be sent to any address for $6 a year or $1.50 for three months. A subscription to it is the best way to keep up with the war. 51-4t

MUST THE WOMAN ALWAYS PAY?

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AGRICULTURAL NEWS FROM COUNTY AGENTS

Manatee County: The Palmetto Board of Trade has been buying advertising space in the Palmetto News to assist the board's campaign for "a cow on every farm," thus backig up County Demonstration Agent Caswell. He is much interested in this proposition, as he realizes that a cow on every farm would help wonderfully in winning the war and in other ways. That he is right, is shown by the stand the board has taken in paying for advertising space to help put "a cow on every farm."

Leon County: Most of this week was spent enrolling boys in the pig club. The bank here is supplying the money to buy pigs, using the endless-chain method. Farmers and boys are much interested in pig-club work, and an effort is being made to place 125 pigs among them.

Suwannee County: Early peanuts are being dug rapidly this week. Yield and quality seem as good as were expected. For commercial purposes, peanuts are entirely new in this county, and the county agent is giving considerable attention to them at this time among the planters, as the latter are not familiar with the better methods for harvesting.

Washington County: The peanut crop in this county is larger than it was last year and now is being harvested. A car load of new pickers was unloaded at Chipley last week. This crop is looking exceptionally well, and a bumper yield is expected. Many farmers who heretofore have grown peanuts for hog feed only will harvest their entire crop this year, buy back the peanut meal for fattening their hogs, and will use self feeders.

Liberty County: W. D. Hay of Vilas recently installed two new vats, one for cows, and the other for hogs. Farmers seem well pleased with their prospective peanut crops. One new mechanical picker is ready for operation.

St. Lucie County: The cotton crop is looking exceptionally good, and a big crop is expected. The cotton fields that were considerably damaged by the semi-tropical army worm about a month ago have improved wonderfully. The castor-bean fields that were badly injured by army worms are throwing out new shoots and growing vigorously again, as if nothing had happened. The third brood of this worm is not doing much damage in any of the localities where the second brood did so much injury to cotton, castor beans, sweet potatoes, etc. The worms are being held in check by their scores of enemies, including birds, tree frogs, wasps, scarabids, pentamids, soldier bugs, ladybirds, carabids, lacewings, etc., and also various internal parasites.

NEWLY ARRIVED FROM FRENCH BATTLE FIELDS

St. Cloud is to have a rare treat tomorrow (Friday), afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at which time Major K. B. Ferguson of the British army is to be here to address a huge mass meeting in G. A. R. hall.

Major Ferguson is a veteran of the British army and has served in the heavy artillery at Antwerp, with the Belgians, and also in Lorraine, and has seen much service in active fighting at the front during most of the four years of the war.

He is said to be a most interesting speaker, which is self-evident in the fact that he has been detailed to make a speaking tour of the United States in aid of this country's war work. All who can gain admittance to the hall undoubtedly will greatly profit from his discourse.

No admission fee will be charged and no contribution will be solicited. The affair is a patriotic one purely and simply.

The government has obtained the services of several famous men who have performed effective duty at the battle front and is sending them out through the nation to disseminate information first hand about the war and to help our people get a more intimate or clearer grasp of the enormous task before us in "making the world safe for democracy."

Those of these speakers who have fought them the most fiercely have been dubbed as "blue devils" by the Germans. Now it seems they are afraid of "devils" of the "blue" variety. Major Ferguson is one of these.

St. Cloud greatly appreciates the distinction thus paid to it in having Major Ferguson as a visitor. Welcome, Major—many times welcome!

Many cattlemen will find that the eradication of the cattle tick will also eradicate another kind of "tick" that often worries them.

YOUR WIFE CAN USE IT.

If you are away from home, and one of your horses takes the colic, your wife can treat him if she has Farris' Colic Remedy in the house. It is easy to use. Just drop it on the horse's tongue, and in thirty minutes he is relieved. Get it today. You may need it tomorrow. H. C. HARTLEY. 2-4t

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Wealthy Polk County Man Arrested For Sugar Violation

County Food Administrator Compels Him To Contribute To Red Cross And Y. M. C. A. And Buy Liberty Bonds And War-Svings Stamps.

"What is your definition of an American, Mr. Skipper?

J. Walker Pope, Federal Food Administrator for Polk county, fired this question at B. E. Skipper, a wealthy cattleman of Bartow, recently at a hearing concerning a sugar violation with which Skipper was charged.

"Why, a man who stands for everything a good citizen should," Skipper answered.

"Are you an American citizen, Mr. Skipper?" was the next question.

"Certainly I am," Skipper shot back.

"And I suppose your willful disregard of the United States Food Administratoin's regulation allowing each American citizen two pounds of sugar a month is what is to be expected of a good citizen?" Mr. Pope queried.

When Skipper failed to answer, Pope said: "That may be your idea of a good citizen, Mr. Skipper. It isn't mine. It isn't the idea of the several millions of men in the United States who are good American citizens.

Skipper, against whom charges were preferred of having taken his own sugar in a can to the hotels and boarding-houses at which he ate, and of having declared he would have all the sugar he wanted in spite of Food Administration regulations, failed to prove his innocence during the trial, and at the close thereof Mr. Pope shot at him this denunciation:

"If you are guilty, as evidence submitted makes apparent, you are a cowardly, selfish, and unpatriotic American."

Skipper is one of the wealthiest men in Polk county, being owner of several thousand acres of land and thousands of heads of cattle. He has two sons in his country's service. During the hearing the fact came out that he did not own any war-savings stamps nor any Liberty bonds. He bought a $1,000 bond in the last "drive," but exchanged the part payment he made on it for a Ford car.

Pope advised him: "Get acquainted with the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., the Liberty Loan, and war-savings stamps and prove you are patriotic. Any individual who forces others to go without sugar by using more than his allotment of it is unworthy the title 'American.'"

STATUS OF ELECTION CONTEST IN DIST. 5

The question as to how the place of county commissioner will be filled in the Fifth district of Osceola county seems to be occupying the minds of the people in the Kenansville neighborhood, as will be seen by the following letter, written to one of the citizens in that section in reply to a query as to the status of the case:

Kissimmee, Fla., Sept. 9, 1918.

To Mr. B. J. Bergeson, Kenansville, Fla.—Dear Sir:

Answering your letter of recent date with reference to a statement of facts relative to the litigation which has been pending between Mr. Somersett and Mr. Guy, and which we now understand to be terminated, we beg to give you the following information.

When the returns from the June primaries were canvassed in this county, the County Canvassing Board, taking, as they were obliged to do, the returns from the precincts as accurate, tabulated the results of the race for the nomination as County Commissioner from the Fifth District (Whittier and Lokosee precincts) as follows:

	Arnold.	Guy.	Somersett.
Whittier, Precinct No. 8	10	18	19
Lokosee, Precinct No. 9	2	6	2
Totals	12	24	21

It was plain, however, that the votes had not been counted right by the local inspectors. This is no reflection on the inspectors, as the intent to be correct was evident, and points of law sufficient to trouble the judge were raised by the tally.

Thereupon Somersett applied for a recount. No charge of fraud was made; but he alleged that certain ballots had been voted for Guy which should not have been polled, and, also, that certain irregularly marked ballots had been thrown out when, in fact, they should have been counted, and, further, that the second-choice votes had not been allowed for.

Guy denied these allegations, and also made a claim that Somersett was not entitled to be a candidate for commissioner because he had voted in the last previous general election for Hughes and Allen, who are Republicans.

A hearing took place in DeLand, with numerous witnesses present and testifying. After the judge was satisfied, from proof submitted by Somersett that the ballot boxes had been properly kept by their custodian, and that therefore a recount would exhibit a correct vote, he ordered the recount. This resulted, so far as Guy and Somersett were concerned, as follows: Guy, 25 votes; Somersett, 23 votes. The recount settled the matter of tallying second-choice votes, and also the question of counting irregularly marked ballots. It is to be noted that Somersett gained two votes.

It now became Somersett's duty to show that votes had been cast for Guy by persons who were not proper electors. Thereupon he put Noah and Berry Smith on the stand, although they had been called by Guy as Guy's witnesses, and they each swore that, tho they were residents of St. Lucie county, they voted in the primary in Osceola county, and voted for Guy. Under the explanations that they made, no criticism of their action morally could be made; but, of course, their votes were held illegal and deducted from Guy's count. Later, Charlie Padgett's vote for Guy was cast out because he had not paid his poll tax at the time he voted.

The final result of the election, therefore, with reference to votes cast, was as follows: Somersett, 23 votes; Guy, 22 votes. Somersett thus had a majority over Guy.

There was, in fact, a further ballot, marked on the left side for Somersett and Arnold, which could not be counted, because it was not clear whether Somersett was entitled to a first or to a second. The purpose of the ballot not to vote for Guy and to give Somersett a second if not a first (and either first or second would have counted) was manifest; but without this vote Somersett had a majority.

However, Guy put in his defense that Somersett had at the last previous election voted for Hughes and Allen. The judge called Somersett to the stand, and Somersett stated that he was a Jeffersonian Democrat and that he had voted for Wilson, not Hughes. He frankly admitted, however, that, owing to the Catts-Knott mix-up, he had not considered any one to represent the Democratic party in the Governorship contest and had therefore voted for Allen.

Guy went on the stand and made it plain that he had voted for Catts for the Governorship in the same race. He did not so aver outright, but the judge so understood him, and in later discussion the judge point-blank said that he so understood, and gave Guy an opportunity to correct the impression, if wrong; but Guy said nothing.

The case was therefore thus: Somersett had the most votes, but neither he nor Guy had voted for Knott, who the Democratic nominee for Governor in the last general election. Each, on the contrary, had voted for another man.

To straighten out the tangle in accordance with the wishes of the people of the commissioner's district involved, the judge thereupon proposed that Somersett and Guy run again in the general election. Mr. Guy, however, stated that he did not care to be a participant in the general election unless he went into the race carrying with him the certification of the Democratic party as its nominee for the position. As he is not entitled to such certification, under the ruling of the court, the judge then suggested that the parties agree to the holding of a new primary and that the successful candidate, as disclosed by this new primary, stand as the Democratic nominee. Both parties agreed to this arrangement, and the order of the court was framed in view of this fact. Guy, we understand, now denies the agreement; but he can not successfully do so, because the judge's order in the case refers to the agreement as made before him.

Somersett has been ready, we are told, to carry out his pledge; has even offered to pay all costs of such an election himself. It is the right thing to do. However, Mr. Guy does not appear to be willing to refer himself to the citizens of his own community for approval. Consequently, as sue ha special election is unusual and difficult to hold without the consent of all parties, the office is necessarily remitted to the general election.

Very truly yours,
JOHNSTON & GARRETT.

AMERICAN MILITARY BURIALS IN FRANCE

(From Associated Press News.)

Four thousand, 5,000, and in many cases 6,000 miles from their maternal hearths, the American dead, heroes of the second battle of the Marne, who succumbed from grievous wounds in Paris hospitals, are mourned daily by French mothers, sisters, and fathers who feel the emotions of these heroes' kindred at home.

Daily the funerals leave the city hospitals for the little Suresnes cemetery, dedicated to the Americans by the city of Suresnes, located on a hill to the west of Paris and overlooking the French metropolis.

Daily the Republican Guards, in their picturesque and historic military attire, march forth to the funerals to bestow France's regard upon these American heroes; and, though no volley is fired (because it is forbidden by the French authorities), the American bugler sounds "taps" with impressive toning.

A service is held in the little chapel in the hospital. Protestant chaplains officiate over the dead of their faith; Catholic chaplains over theirs.

The hospital organization (such as can be spared), including nurses, orderlies, clerks, and doctors, attend the services.

The bodies are borne from the chapel to awaiting ponderous army motor trucks. The Republican Guards and the marines form an escort. As each body is brought to the conveyance, these military units execute "present arms." When all the dead have been placed upon their military bier, the procession to the cemetery starts. At the head are the chaplains, in motor cars; then follow the motor trucks, and last the guard of honor.

The coffins are draped wiht American flags. Each bears two wreaths—one given by the Republic of France, another by the city of Paris. Tricolor ribbons bind the wreaths. In letters of gold, the ribbons are marked "Aux Defenseurs de la Patrie."

The little procession winds its way along the boulevards. The French are aware of its significance. Without exception, as it passes, every pedestrian stops, uncovers, and bows in homage to the American heroes.

Reaching the summit of the hill of Suresnes, the interment of the bodies begins. A crowd of French mothers and sisters gathers at the graves. They reverently listen to the chaplains pronounce the last words, and, heavy of heart, they feel the heartaches of those who are thousands of miles away.

The American bugler takes his place and slowly and feelingly sounds "taps." The assemblage is moved to tears. At the final tone, the command of departure is given, and the military escort returns to its post in the city. The mothers and sisters return to their homes, feeling the heaviness of the commital of the American heroes to the grave. Their thoughts are with the mothers and sisters "back home."

The Suresnes cemetery is the gift of the Suresnes municipality to the American army. It is beautifully situated in the midst of a cluster of trees. The city of Paris can be viewed from the location. The walks are arranged in the form of a cross. The surveying was done by American engineers.

ELSIE P. MCELROY

Elsie P. McElroy Auxiliary, No. 17, of the Army and Navy Union, held its regular semi-monthly meeting at the Moose home Monday, Sept. 9. There was a good attendance. The meeting was called to order at 2 o'clock, Lady Commander Savilla Houston presiding. The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

It was voted to present the colored school at Ashton. Patriotic Instructor people with a national flag for their Pro Tem. Agnes Livermore is to present the flag.

Letters from absent comrades were read and enjoyed.

Paymaster Nancy Stillwell was reported sick.

It was decided to offer a luncheon and an entertainment at the Moose home on Oct. 30, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Come, all, and enjoy a fine program.

The meeting was adjourned until Sept. 23. All comrades will please attend on that date. Business of importance will be discussed.

B. VREELAND.

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Farming in Florida Pays----If It Be Done Differently Than Elsewhere

From Florida Advocate, Wauchula.

"Does Florida farming pay?" To this question, which is being asked today by thousands of possible investors, we answer: "It all depends."

We have the testimony of hundreds of farmers on the affirmative side of the question—farmers who are regularly getting satisfactory returns from their crops and who unhesitatingly say that it pays well.

Some of these are men who have lived in Florida many years and have learned by observation and experience how to treat the soil and to care for their crops so as to bring results.

Others are men without much previous experience in farming anywhere, but who have come to this State acknowledging that they knew nothing about it and were willing to learn the rudiments of Florida farming from persons who know how.

On the other hand, there are many who will declare most positively that "there is nothing in it"; that "it is a waste of time and money to plant anything here.

These men also are of two classes—those who lack the energy or intelligence to succeed anywhere and those who came here with the idea that they know just a little more about how to "do it" than those who have lived and farmed here years. These last attempt to "show these natives a thing or two" and do not want any advice or suggestions. They fail because they do not realize that farming in Florida is a totally different matter from raising crops and stock in one of the Northern States; and, having failed where failure was a foregone conclusion, they go back and condemn Florida and everything connected with it.

After four years of observation, we are satisfied that farming in Florida, if done in the proper manner and with intelligent application of a reasonable amount of labor and expense, will yield returns more satisfactory year by year than can be obtained almost anywhere else.

In addition, the farmer and his family live under climatic conditions quite unequaled in any other part of the country.

There are many acres of splendid farm lands on which can be grown two, three, or even four crops in a year. Thus failure of one of the crops would not mean disaster, as it might in a one-crop region, and the other crop or crops would show a handsome profit

The fact that some crop can be produced at any season of the year is one of the advantages we possess over other States, as is also the fact that the planting season for many crops is so extended that if one planting fails to succeed, because of cold or drouth or other cause, it still is possible to plant again and make a good crop just the same.

To the man who really wants to make good and who has capital sufficient to develop his land and make his first year's crops, besides taking care of his family until his returns begin to come in, we say without hesitation:

Come on and select a tract of land suitable for the kind of farming you intend to take up. Learn from those who know about what you can expect to do. Then go to work in earnest, taking all proper precautions against insects and disease pests and giving to your stock and crops proper treatment. You will find farming profitable and life here pleasanter than you had even dreamed it could be on this side of Paradise. You will be surprised to see how much younger you will look and feel after a few years of this all-year-around outdoor life.

The lazy man, the man who is not willing to learn our soil and conditions, and the man without some capital to live on and to develop properly his farm—these would better stay away; but almost any man of the opposite classes may come here with confidence. He will find Florida farming profitable in more ways than one.

Comment On Above.

The editor of the St. Cloud Tribune earnestly endorses every statement in the foregoing article. A residence of more than eight years in Florida enables him to know and appreciate their truth.

Florida farming has been much retarded by too many of its native agriculturists insisting on doing everything like "paw" and "gran'paw" did. This, happily, becomes less and less so as each year passes.

On the contrary hand, the greatest deterrent to this State's agricultural settlement and development has been the "knocking" of farmers from other States (especially Northern States) who have failed at Florida farming because they came here and persisted in applying Northern farming methods to totally different conditions of soil, climate, and insect life. Then, sour of soul and lean of pocket, they have returned to their former localities of residence and created distrust of the agricultural advantages in this State.

They failed here because of obstinate vanity and too much self-sufficiency. They DID not and WOULD not understand the new conditions confronting them in this State.

There is a golden mean in Florida farming that lies between the old-fogey methods of some of our native farmers and the misdirected progressiveness of most Northern farmers (as applied to Florida conditions) who settle in this State.

Every Florida community probably has one or more successful farmers: at least, a farmer who is successful in growing one or more crops. Newcomer farmers from other States (especially North) should make such successful farmer's acquaintance and observe his methods and obtain his advice.

This is true in Osceola county. Besides—this county employs an agricultural expert whose duty is personally to visit and advise any farmer who needs the agent's services thus.

By consulting this agent, or by consulting a neighbor farmer, or by both, even a greenhorn Northern nonfarmer should be able to farm in Osceola county with at least some measure of success.

If a local farmer be consulted, however, the one who consults him should be sure the local farmer is one who understands Florida farming conditions and applies modern methods suitable to them.

Many who have failed at farming in Florida have a pet phrase which says "farming in Florida is all a gamble." That is because so many go at farming here in a gambling manner.

Besides—there is no gambling in farming in other States! Oh, no! "Back home" always is perfect!

This so-called "gambling" phase of Florida farming, however, the St. Cloud Tribune will deal with in the near future in an article devoted specially to it.

EDITOR OF TRIBUNE.

LET YOUR LIVER LIVE

A sluggish, slow acting liver is the cause of many ills; let you be active and in good health the liver must carry off poisons of the body. FLANK'S LIVER PILLS contain Calomel skillfully combined with other necessary cleansing drugs which quickly and gently liven up your liver but do not sicken or gripe.

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CITRUS SEMINAR AND LIVE-STOCK ROUND-UP

The Ninth Annual Citrus Seminar will be held at the University of Florida, Gainesville, on Sept. 24 to 27 inclusive. All phases of grove spraying will be discussed. Virtually all makes of power sprayers sold in Florida will be on operative exhibit, with experts from the factories present to explain details of opeartion and upkeep relating to their respective machines.

The Third Annual Live-Stock Round

The Third Annual Live-Stock Round-Up will hold its sessions at the same place on the same dates.

Among the more prominent of the speakers who will address the seminar and the round-up will be Clarence Ousley, Assistant Secretary of the Federal Department of Agriculture. He is a Georgian, a graduate of the Alabama Agricultural and Mechanical College, a noted editor, an debairman of the Board of Regents of the University of Texas. He is said to be a brilliant speaker.

WHITEFLY IMPERILS NEXT YEAR'S CITRUS CROP

The entomologist of the Gainesville Experiment Station has just completed a tour of Florida citrus sections, and he reports the whitefly situation is truly alarming for next year's citrus crops.

Never before has he seen this insect pest so abundant and the fungi which destroys it so scarce.

Within several weeks the rainy season will close, and with it also the season of the most active growth of at least the red aschersonia—an anti-whitefly fungus.

Citrus growers therefore need not expect much help from the fungi this year; and unless there is an active spraying campaign, the losses whiteflies and purple scales will cause will be enormous. Not only will the present crops of fruit be injured, but the trees themselves will be seriously injured and next year's crop greatly reduced.

Unless prompt and energetic measures are adopted, the citrus growers may expect—

1. An even heavier infestation of whitefly, with the accompanying sooty mold and damage to the fruit and the trees.
2. A rapid lercase of purple scale.
3. General infection of mallanose and stem-end rot.
4. Severe damage to the trees and a costly reduction in both quantity and quality of next year's crop.

Co-operative Spraying Necessary.

Spraying is neccessary in any community infested by whiteflies.

Labor shortage is making it more and more difficult for citrus growers to organize work crews to do this work.

With the further reduction of farm labor, it probably will be necessary for growers to organize themselves to do the work which they have had done individually heretofore.

Some communities already have organizations of this nature, and their spraying is done efficiently and economically and with a minimum requirement of man power.

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN OF SCHOOL AND DRAFT AGE

Stetson University, at DeLand, has been designated by the government as a military training school. This will particularly interest young men within the draft age who wish to continue in school as long as possible and still obtain the benefit of army rank and training.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Contentment is merely a lack of desire.

How very easy are some of the tasks we imagine difficult.

As fast as some men make opportunities, others grab the opportunities.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT

NOTICE OF ELECTION

WHEREAS, The Legislature of 1917, under the Constitution of 1885, of the State of Florida, did pass two Joint Resolutions proposing amendments to the Constitution of the State of Florida, and the same were agreed to by a vote of three-fifths of ll the members elected to each house; that the votes on said Joint Resolutions were entered upon their respective Journals, with the yeas and nays thereon, and they did determine and direct that the said Joint Resolutions be submitted to the electors of the State at the General Election in November, 1918.

NOW THEREFORE, I, H. CLAY CRAWFORD, Secretary of State of the State of Florida, do hereby give notice that a

General Election

will be held in each county in Florida on Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November, A. D. 1918, the said Tuesday being the

Fifth Day of November

for the purpose of ratifying or rejection of the said Joint Resolutions proposing amendments to the Constitution of the State of Florida, viz:

A JOINT RESOLUTION Proposing an amendment to Section 8 of Article XII of the Constitution of the State of Florida Relating to Education.

Be it Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That the following amendment of Section 8, of Article XII, of the Constitution of the State of Florida Relating to Education is hereby agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of the State for adoption or rejection at the next general election of Representatives, to be held in the year, A. D. 1918; that is to say, that Section 8 of Article XII of the Constitution of the State of Florida be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 8. Each County shall be required to assess and collect annually for the support of the public free schools therein, a tax not less than three (3) mills, nor more than ten (10) mills on the dollar on all taxable property in the same.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Florida.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida.

That Article XIX of the Constitution of the State of Florida, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Article XIX, Section 1. The manufacture, sale, barter or exchange of all alcoholic or intoxicating liquors and beverages, whether ales, wines or malt, is hereby forever prohibited in the State of Florida, except alcohol for medical, scientific or mechanical purposes, and wine for sacramental purposes; the sale of which alcohol and wine for the purposes aforesaid shall be regulated by law.

Sec. 2. The Legislature shall enact suitable laws for the enforcement of the provisions of this article.

Sec. 3. This article shall go into effect on the first day of January, A. D. 1919.

The votes cast in compliance with said proposed amendments, and the canvass, declarations and returns thereof, shall be subjected to the same regulations and restrictions as are provided by law for general elections in the State of Florida.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Florida, at Tallahassee, the Capital, this the twenty-fifth day of July, A. D. 1918.

(Seal). H. CLAY CRAWFORD, Secretary of State.

50-3mo.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

To the Sheriff of Osceola County of the State of Florida:

Be it known that I, H. Clay Crawford, Secretary of State of the State of Florida, do hereby give notice that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in Osceola County, State of Florida, on Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November A. D. 1918, the said Tuesday being the

FIFTH DAY OF NOVEMBER—

For one Representative of the Fourth Congressional District of the State of Florida in the Sixty-Sixth Congress of the United States.

For Attorney General of the State of Florida.

For two Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of Florida.

For two Railroad Commissioners of the State of Florida.

For one Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Florida.

For five County Commissioners.

For three Members of the County Board of Public Instruction.

For Justice of the Peace in and for the following Justice Districts: Nos. 2 4, 6, and 7.

For Constable in and for the following Justice Districts: Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Florida, at Tallahassee, the Capital, this twenty-fourth day of August A. D. 1918. H. CLAY CRAWFORD, Secretary of State.

To L. H. Ingram, Sheriff Osceola County.

NOTICE OF EXECUTOR
(For Final Discharge)

In Court of County Judge, Osceola County, State of Florida. In re Estate of S. J. Scriber. Notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, that on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1919, I shall apply to the Honorable T. M. Murphy, Judge of said Court, as Judge of Probate, for my final discharge as Executor of the estate of S. J. Scriber deceased; and that at the same time I will present my final accounts as Executor of said estate, and ask for their approval.

Dated August 1st, A. D. 1918.

DAVID H. BUNNELL, Executor.

NOTICE.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of County Commissioners of Osceola County up to ten o'clock a.m. October 7th, 1918, on construction of a wooden bridge across Jane Green swamp. For any information regarding construction of said bridge, see J. L. Overstreet.

All bids to be mailed to J. L. Overstreet as Clerk of Board.

J. L. OVERSTREET, Clerk Board of County Commissioners, Osceola County, Florida. 3

MASTER'S SALE.

Under a decree of sale entered in the Circuit Court for Osceola County, Florida, in a certain chancery cause wherein C. I. Whipple is Complainant and D. G. McKay et al. are Defendants I will expose to sale at public auction, and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, October 7, 1918, between the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in the City of Kissimmee, the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, and the West Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, of Section 24, Township 25 South, Range 29 East, State in Osceola County, Florida. Purchaser to pay for titles.

Z. BASS, Special Master in Chancery. 2-4t

ADMINISTRATION CITATION.

In Court of the County Judge, State of Florida, Osceola County.—Estate of Joel Albert Thomas. By the Judge of Said Court:

Whereas Delia Thomas has applied to this Court for Letters of Administration on the estate of Joel Albert Thomas, deceased, late of said County of Osceola;

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of said deceased to be and appear before this Court on or before the 12th day of October, A. D. 1918, and file objections, if any they have, to the granting of Letters of Administration on said estate; otherwise the same will be granted to said Delia Thomas or to some other fit person or persons.

Witness my name as County Judge of the County aforesaid this the 4th day of September, A. D. 1918.

T. M. MURPHY, County Judge.

(Seal.) 2-5t

ORDINANCE

An ordinance providing for the Submission to the Electors of St. Cloud, Florida, for Ratification or Rejection Amendment to Section 28 of the Charter of St. Cloud, Florida, allowing Women to vote in certain elections.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ST. CLOUD, FLORIDA.

Section 1. That Section 28 of the Charter of St. Cloud, Florida, be and the same is hereby amended by adding the following to said Section: "Any female person over the age of twenty-one years who has resided in the City for six months and who registers as an elector with the City Clerk at least ten days prior to any election shall be entitled to vote at any election called and held for the purpose of deciding any matter effecting the interests of said City, except bond issues and any female persons with above qualifications and who owns in her own name real estate within said city shall be entitled to vote in any election called for the purpose of authorizing the issuance of bonds or other indebtedness of said city.

Section 2. The Mayor shall as soon as practicable after the passage and approval of this Ordinance issue his proclamation calling a special election for the City of St. Cloud, Florida, to be held not less than thirty days from date of said proclamation, for the purpose of submitting to the electors of said city the approval or rejection of Section 1 of this Ordinance.

Section 3. The Mayor shall in his proclamation calling the election herein provided, name three electors in the City of St. Cloud, who shall act as inspectors of said election. Should any of the Inspectors so appointed fail or refuse to qualify the Mayor shall be authorized at any time prior to the opening of the polls to name additional Inspectors. The Inspectors conducting the election aforesaid shall immediately after the polls have been closed count the votes for and against the proposition submitted, and immediately certify the result of same to the City Council.

Section 4. If the result of the election provided for herein be in favor of the ratification of Section 1 of this Ordinance then the same shall take effect ninety days after the ratification of same.

Section 5. If the result of the election provided for herein be against the proposed Ordinance or section 1 of this Ordinance than this Ordinance shall be null and void.

Section 6. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

Read and by unanimous consent read the second time and passed this the 21st day of August A. D. 1918.

J. K. CONN, President of the Council.

ATTEST: FRED B. KENNEY, City Clerk.

Approved this the 21st day of August, A. D. 1918.

J. K. CONN, Mayor.

ORDINANCE

An Ordinance Providing for the Contracting of a Loan by the City of St. Cloud, Florida for the Sum of Ten Thousand Dollars and for the Submission of said Ordinance for Approval or Rejection to the Voters of said City and Providing for the Calling of an Election for the Submission of said Question to said Voters.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ST. CLOUD, FLORIDA.

Section 1. The Mayor and Council of St. Cloud, Florida, subject to the provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of this Ordinance are hereby authorized to borrow the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent, and payable in one, two and three years from date, for the purpose of satisfying in full the indebtedness of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, to Engineers Corp & Company for balance due on account of contract on power house, Georgia Engineering Company for balance due on account of street paving, and to Bank of St. Cloud, Florida, to redeem warrant held by same given on account of Water Works system, and J. P. Morgan & Company for balance due on account of contract for deep well.

Section 2. The Mayor shall as soon as practicable after the passage and approval of this Ordinance issue his proclamation calling a special election for the City of St. Cloud, Florida, to be held not less than thirty days from date of said proclamation, for the purpose of submitting to the electors of said City the approval or rejection of the proposition to borrow said sum of Ten Thousand Dollars.

Section 3. The Mayor shall in his proclamation calling the election herein provided, name three electors in the City of St. Cloud, Florida, who shall act as Inspectors of Said election. Should any of the Inspectors so appointed fail or refuse to qualify the Mayor shall be authorized at any time prior to the opening of the polls to name additional Inspectors. The Inspectors conducting the election aforesaid shall immediately after the polls have been closed count the votes for and against the proposition submitted, and immediately certify the results of same to the City Council.

Section 4. If the result of the election provided for herein be against the proposed loan than this Ordinance shall be null and void.

Section 5. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

Read and by unanimous consent placed on second reading and passed this 12th day of August A. D. 1918.

J. K. CONN, President of the Council.

ATTEST: Fred B. Kenney, City Clerk.

Approved this 12th day of August A. D. 1918.

J. K. CONN, Mayor.

ADMINISTRATION Citation

In Court of the County Judge, State of Florida, Osceola County. Estate of James B. Tumblin, by the Judge of said court.

Whereas, Rebecca A. Tumblin has applied to this Court for Letters of Administration on the estate of James B. Tumblin deceased, late of said County of Osceola.

These are, Therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of said deceased to be and appear before this Court on or before the 19th day of September, A. D. 1918, and file objections, if any they have, to the granting of Letters of Administration on said estate, otherwise the same will be granted to said Rebecca A. Tumblin or to some other fit person or persons.

Witness my name as County Judge of the County aforesaid this the 8th day of August A. D. 1918.

T. M. MURPHY, County Judge.

(SEAL)

31-4t.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR TAX DEED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That Foster Newton, purchaser of Tax Certificates Nos. 259, 260 and 262, dated the 6th day of July, A. D. 1914; Tax Certificates Nos. 500, 508 and 509, dated the 5th day of July A. D. 1915 and Tax Certificates Nos. 360, 362, 363, 365 and 366, dated the 7th day of August A. D. 1916, has filed said certificates in my office, and has made Application for Tax Deed to issue in accordance with law. Said certificates embrace the following described property, situated in Osceola County, Florida, to-wit:

No. 259, Lot 422 in Section 32; No. 260, Lot 27 in Section 33; No. 262, Lot 64 in Section 33, No. 500, Lot 43 in Sec. 32; No. 508, Lot 77 Section 33; No. 509, Lots 86 and 91 in Sec. 33; No. 360, Lots 78 and 82 in Section 32; No. 362, Lot 104 in Section 32; No. 363, Lots 110 and 115 in Section 32; No. 365, Lot 121 in Section 32, and No. 366, Lot 21 in Section 33, all of the above being in Township 26 South, Range 31 East.

The said lands being assessed, respectively, at the date of the issuance of said certificates in the names of J. H. Crum, Sem. Land & Inv. Co., W. A. Jackson, J. Berger, J. R. Hose, E. M. Stewart, T. Kirk, and Unknown.

Unless said certificates shall be redeemed according to law tax deed will issue thereon on the 23 day of September A. D. 1918.

J. L. OVERSTREET, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Osceola County, Florida.

(SEAL) 36-5t.

CITY ORDINANCE REGULATING THE CURB MARKET

An Ordinance to establish a public market in the City of St. Cloud, to regulate the retailing of provisions of food therein, to provide for the location of such sale and to provide rules and regulations market, to fix the days and hours of therefor and to fix a penalty for the violation of this Ordinance.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF ST. CLOUD, FLORIDA.

Section 1. That the West side of Pennsylvania avenue, between 10th and 11th streets to the center of the avenue or such other place as may be designated, be used and designated as a public retail market in said City, in which all articles of food held for sale may be offered for sale at retail on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week between the hours of seven A. M. and eleven A. M. and at no other time.

Section 2. The said Public Market shall be under control of the Police department with power and authority to appoint a market master therefor, and make all necessary provisions for the management of the same subject to the conditions of this ordinance.

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the Market Master to Superintend said Market and his constant attendance will be required at the Market on the days and hours when food sales are permitted. He shall cause the market vehicles to be placed in said market space as to best subserve the public generally and shall allot space to each retailer. He shall prevent remove or cause to be removed all obstructions or nuisances existing on such premises.

Section 4. No person shall be permitted to retail particles or food stuffs on said market save those raised by themselves or members of their family or by regular employees.

Section 5. All articles sold by weight or measure shall be sold by U. S. Standard weights and measures and all measures and scales shall be approved by the Market Master.

Section 6. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale any butter in lumps or rolls unless such lump or roll shall be of some specified weight, which weight shall be plainly marked thereon.

Section 7. Should the Market Master suspect or be informed that any butter or other article offered or exhibited for sale at such market and purporting to be of a specified weight is deficient in weight, he shall cause same to be weighed and if found deficient institute criminal proceedings for violation of this ordinance.

Section 8. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer or expose for sale any unwholesome or spoiled product or provision of any kind in said market.

Section 10. It shall be unlawful for any person to offer or expose any article for sale in said market until such person has been duly assigned space therein by the Market Master.

Section 10. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale any articles whatever from any vehicle or otherwise in or upon any street, alley sidewalk or public place during said market hours, other than at said market place.

Section 11. It shall be unlawful for the occupant of any space in said City Market to attract attention to his articles, goods or wares by outcry or in any other boisterous or annoying manner.

Section 12. It shall be unlawful for any person occupying space in said market to permit any refuse, garbage or trash of any kind whatsoever to remain on or near his space at the time of closing of said market and in the event of such person frequently permitting such refuse etc so to remain the Market Master may refuse space to said applicant upon future applications.

Section 13. It shall be unlawful for any person occupying space in said market to sell any provisions or articles to any firms persons or corporations engaged in the retailing of food products before the hour of 9:30 A. M. on the market days fixed by this ordinance.

Section 14. The Market Master herein provided for shall be any policeman whom the Police Department may from time to time designated.

Section 15. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be fined, upon conviction, in a sum not exceeding twenty dollars or by imprisonment not more than ten days in jail.

Section 16. This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval by the Mayor.

Passed this 12th day of August, A. D. 1918.

J. K. CONN, Mayor.

ATTEST: Fred B. Kenney, City Clerk.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE

Under and by virtue of a certain execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the Seventh Judicial Circuit of Florida, in and for Osceola County, dated the 1st day of August, A. D. 1918, upon a Judgment recovered in said Court by George M. Burr, and the Michigan Trust Company against Calvin Platt, in an action of distress for rent, I shall sell at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at the Court house door in Kissimmee, during the legal hours of sale, on Monday the Second day of September, A. D. 1918, the following described property levied upon under said executing as the property of the said Calvin Platt, and being the same property levied upon under the distress warrant, to-wit:

All fences, post and wires around the following described realestate to wit, the entire section 14 except NE 1-4 SE 1-4) 2, 11, 14, and 15, and East half of Sections 3 and 10, of Township 26, range 34 East in Osceola County, Florida.

Terms of sale: Cash, purchaser to pay for title.

L. H. INGRAM, Sheriff of Osceola County, Florida.

V. S. STARBUCK, Attorney for Plaintiffs. 52-2t.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR TAX DEED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That W. C. Foster, purchaser of Tax Certificate No. 164 dated the 5th day of July, A. D. 1915, has filed said certificate in my office, and has made application for tax deed to issue in accordance with law. Said certificate embraces the following described property, situated in Osceola County Florida, to-wit:

SE¼ of SW¼ Section 13, Township 26 South, Range 28 East.

The said land being assessed at the date of the issuance of said certificate in the name of Unknown. Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, tax deed will issue thereon on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1918.

J. L. OVERSTREET, Clerk Circuit Court, Osceola County, Florida.

By S. H. Bullock, D. C.

ORDER FOR PUBLICATION.

In Circuit Court for the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State of Florida in and for Osceola County, Florida. In Chancery.—Daniel G. Wagner and Alice L. Wagner, Husband and Wife, vs. All Persons Claiming Interest in the Lands in the Bill of Complaint in This Case, Described Under John W. Sylvester, Deceased, or Otherwise.—Quiet Title.—Order for Publication.

To All Persons Claiming Interest in the Lands Hereinafter Described Under John W. Sylvester, Deceased, or Otherwise:

The lands in question are the South Half of the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter of Section Nine (9) in Township Twenty-Five (25) South of Range Twenty-Nine (29) East of the Tallahassee Meridian, said lands lying in Osceola County, Florida.

You are hereby commanded to be and appear in the above Court in the above cause on the 2d day of December, A. D. 1918.

Witness the Honorable James W. Perkins, as Judge of the above Court, and my name as Clerk thereof, and the seal of said Court, at Kissimmee, Florida, this the 4th day of September, A. D. 1918.

J. L. OVERSTREET, as Clerk Circuit Court, Osceola County, Florida.

(Circuit Court Seal.)

JOHNSTON & GARRETT, Counsel for Complainants. 2-12t

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE OSCEOLA COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SEPT. 2, 1918.

Whereas it appears to be for the best interests of Osceola County and of the citizens thereof that an election shall be called and held under authority of and in compliance with the provisions of Section 4 of Chapter 7345 of the Laws of the State of Florida, entitled "An Act to Create the Live-Stock Sanitary Board and to Prescribe its Membership, Powers, and Duties, Fix the Compensation for the Service of Its Members, to Vest in Said Board the Authority to Provide for the Prevention, Suppression, and Control of Dangerous Communicable, Contagious Infections and Other Diseases of Cattle Hogs, and Other Domestic Animals, and to Establish, Maintain, and Enforce Quarantine Among Such Animals, and to Adopt and Enforce Rules and Regulations Regarding Any and Said Matters, and to Give Said Board Authority in Respect Thereto, and to Authorize County Commissioners to Appropriate and Expend Funds for the Work of Tick Eradication and Hog Cholera, and to Provide for the Appointment of a State Veterinarian and Other Agents and Employes of Said Board and Fix the Powers Thereof, and to Prescribe Punishment for Violations of the Act and of the Rules and Regulations of Said Board, and to Make the Necessary Appropriation for Carrying Out the Provisions of This Act" (Approved June 9, 1917);

To enable a majority of the qualified electors voting in said election to declare themselves in favor of or against compulsory cattle dipping in all precincts of said county, and more than twenty-five per cent of the registered voters of Osceola County who were qualified to vote at the last general election have signed and presented to this board a petition for the calling and holding of an election for the said purpose; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Board of County Commissioners of Osceola County——

1. That an election is hereby called and shall be held for said purpose, according to the laws governing general elections, on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1918.

2. That such an election shall be held in each election district in Osceola C. in each election district in Osceola C. at the polling places used at the last general election, during the hours prescribed for the holding of elections, and all matters pertaining to said election shall be in strict compliance with the law governing the holding of such elections.

3. The ballots shall be printed and used in said election districts at such elections on which shall be printed first, on a line, the words "For Compulsory dipping of Cattle," and on another line, next below said words, there shall be printed the words "Against the Compulsory Dipping of Cattle"; and those electors voting in said election who desire to vote in favor of compulsory dipping of cattle in said territory of Osceola County shall make a cross in front of the words "For the Compulsory Dipping of Cattle," and those electors voting in said election who desire to vote against the compulsory dipping of cattle in said territory of Osceola County shall mark a cross mark in front of the words "Against the Compulsory Dipping of Cattle."

4. Said votes shall be counted, returned, and canvassed as provided by law, and this board shall thereafter make and certify a statement of the result of said election, which shall be kept on file among the public records of Osceola County, and a copy thereof shall be certified to the State Live-Stock Sanitary Board.

5. A copy of this resolution shall be published once each week for four consecutive weeks prior to said election in the St. Cloud Tribune and the Kissimmee Valley Gazettee, and a copy thereof shall be posted at the polling place last used as a polling place in each election district of the county not less than thirty days before the date fixed herein for holding such an election. 9-4t

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, at a Special Meeting called and held after due and legal notice, for the purpose of considering and taking action on a proposed Ordinance providing for the contracting of a loan by the City of St. Cloud, Florida, for the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, and for the purpose of considering and taking action on a proposed Ordinance amending Section 28 of the Charter of St. Cloud, Florida, allowing women to vote in certain elections, and for the submission of said Ordinances for approval or rejection to the voters of said city, and providing for the calling of an election for the submission of said ordinances to said voters.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, J. K. Conn, Mayor of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, under and by authority vested in me by Chapter 1079 of the General Statutes of Florida, and Chapter 7237 of the Laws of Florida approved June 1st, 1915, and the Ordinances of St. Cloud, Florida, passed and approved August 21st 1918, do hereby call a Special Election of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, to be held Tuesday September 24th 1918, for the purpose of submitting to the electors of said city for approval or rejection the contracting of a loan by the City for Ten Thousand Dollars, and for the approval or rejection the amendment to Section 28 of the Charter of the City of St. Cloud.

For the purpose of holding said election I hereby appoint the following inspectors:

G. C. OUTLAW,
W. G. KING,
W. C. RUSSELL.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed hereto the corporate seal of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, this 12th day of August A. D. 1918.

J. K. CONN, Mayor of the City of St. Cloud, Fla.

ATTEST: Fred B. Kenney, City Clerk.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE.

To L. B. Drawdy And All Whom It May Concern:

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, as Sheriff of Osceola County, Florida, that, acting under and by virtue of that certain judgment entered in the County Court of said County on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1918, in a cause therein pending, wherein M. Katz is Plaintiff and L. B. Drawdy is Defendant, said judgment being in favor of Plaintiff and against said Defendant, and being in the amount of $122.00 and costs of court, I shall, as such Sheriff, offer for sale and sell at public auction before the Court House door at Kissimmee, said County and State, between the legal hours of sale on Monday, October 7th, A. D. 1918, to the highest and best bidder for cash, the following described lands in Osceola County aforesaid, belonging to said Defendant, and the interest of Defendant therein: Lot Six, Block Seventeen, of Kenansville, according to plat thereof.

This sale is made pursuant to levy of execution based on said judgment, and under authority of the writ of execution aforesaid. Said levy was made by me as Sheriff aforesaid in Osceola County, Florida, on September 5th, A. D. 1918.

This September 5th, A. D. 1918.

L. H. INGRAM, as Sheriff of Osceola County, Florida.

HOW FAR IS ORLANDO?

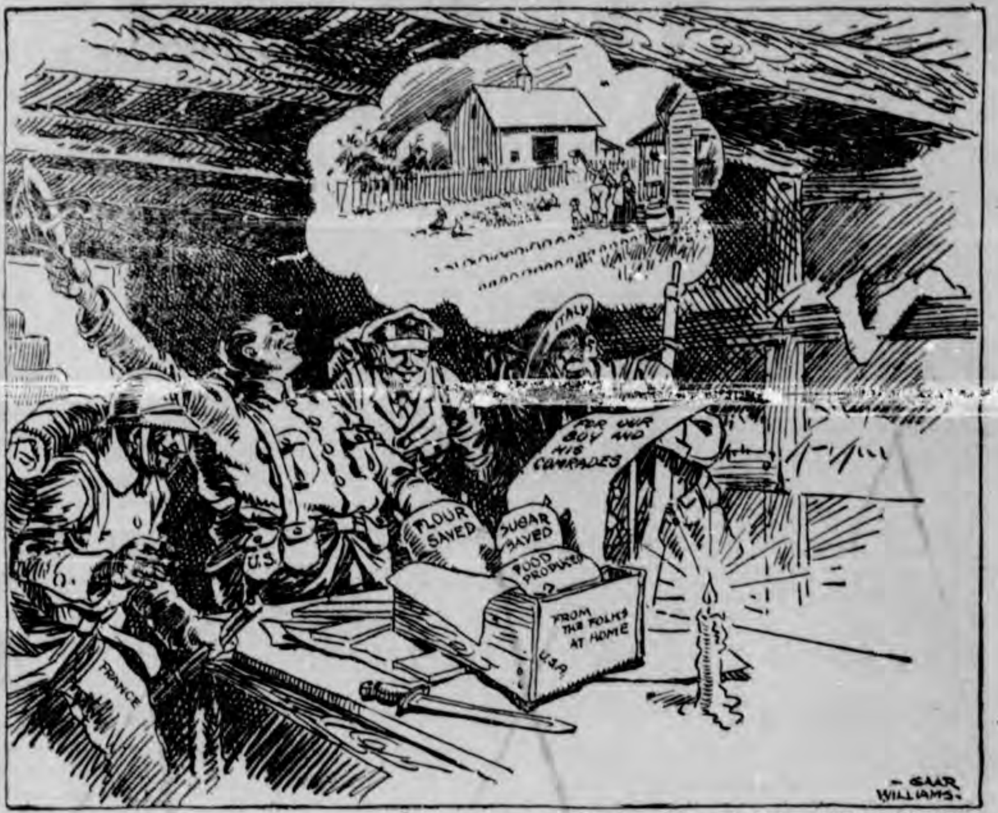
Not So Far That the Statements of Its Residents Cannot be Verified!

Rather an interesting case has been developed in Orlando, being so near by, it is well worth publishing here. The statement is sincere—the proof convincing.

F. B. Osborn, carpenter, 402 W. America street, Orlando, Florida, says: "Heavy lifting is what weakened my kidneys a year or so ago and caused backache. At times when I stooped and I could hardly straighten again, I laid this trouble to lumbago. My kidneys acted too freely, too. I had to get up often nights on this account. Hearing of Doan's Kidney Pills I got a box and began taking them. They knocked the lumbago out of me and made my kidneys well again."

60c at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

A BOX FROM HOME



Drawn by Gaar Williams, Division of Pictorial Publicity.

Food savings of millions of Americans during our first year of war enabled this government to send enormous food shipments abroad for our fighting forces and the Allied nations. Our savings in cereals—out of a short crop—amounted to 154,900,000 bushels; all of which was shipped to Europe. We increased our meat and fat shipments 844,600,000 pounds. This was America's "box from home" to our army abroad and the civilians and military forces of the Allied nations.

ANNOUNCEMENT

I have recently made connection as County Representative of the E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc., of New York, the oldest and largest Real Estate Agency, doing business in many States for a number of years.

The facilities of this Company are such as to make it the best channel for quick sales. WE WILL BE GLAD TO LIST YOUR PROPERTY.

Correspondence with any one who may be interested in the purchase of Florida property is invited. Exchanges may be effected also through this Agency. All inquiries will receive prompt attention.

As evidence of the fact that Osceola County is progressive, our County Commissioners have recently authorized the distribution of our local newspapers for a limited time. They will give you valuable information. If you are interested, write me, and I will submit your name for their mailing lists.

In addition to the above: Although having retired from the Fire Insurance Business, I still represent the old, reliable New York Life Insurance Company, and also the Accident and Health Insurance Department of the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation. Both of these companies are of the highest character, and business of this nature will receive careful attention.

D. G. WAGNER, Kissimmee, Florida
TELEPHONE NO. 30. SECOND FLOOR CITIZENS' BANK BUILDING.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

CHRISTIAN CHURCH
Bible School 9:30 a. m.; Preaching 10:30 a. m.; Christian Endeavor 6:30 p. m.; Preaching 7:30 p. m.
Wednesday Prayer meeting 7:30.
I. L. JENKINS, Pastor.

BAPTIST CHURCH
Bible School at .... 9:30 a.m.
Preaching at .... 10:30 a.m.
Junior B. Y. P. U. .... 2:30 p.m.
B. Y. P. U. .... 7:30 p.m.
Preaching at .... 7:30 p.m.
Mid-week prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30, conducted by some of the brethren. You are invited to attend all the services and take a part. JAMES M. KING, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Bible School .... 9:30 a. m.
Preaching .... 10:30 a. m.
Christian Endeavor .... 6:30 p. m.
Preaching .... 7:30 p. m.
Wednesday evening Social Prayer service .... 7:30 p. m.
Rev. J. T. W. Stewart, Pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH
Sunday School .... 9:30 a. m.
Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Junior Epwort League .... 3:00 p. m.
Epworth League .... 6:30 p. m.
Class Meeting .... 6:30 p. m.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday 7:30 p.m.
Ladies' Aid Society 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month .... 2:00 p. m.
Woman's Home Missionary Society, 3rd Thursday .... 2:00 p. m.
Official Board 1st Tuesday 6:30 p. m.
Sunday School Board 2nd Tuesday, ... 6:30 p. m.
Epworth League Business Meeting Friday .... 7:00 p. m.
Epworth League Social Fourth Friday .... 7:30 p. m.

RED CROSS NOTES

In response to numerous inquiries which are daily reaching the Red Cross, both at national and division headquarters, regarding the regulations for sending money and letters to allied prisoners of war in Germany and Austria, the bureau of prisoners relief has issued the following instructions:

For sending money: send to the Bureau of Prisoners Relief, American Red Cross, Washington, D. C. check or money order made payable to the American Red Cross, with a short letter stating what shall be done with the money to be transmitted to prisoners, as cash in the form of camp currency, or to be used to purchase food, clothing and supplies through one of the foreign relief societies according to the directions of the sender. The size of clothing and number of shoes should be stated.

Write plainly the full name, nationality, rank and prison camp address of the prisoner. To avoid unnecessary delay and correspondence, send the postal card or envelope received from the prisoner showing his latest prison camp address. It will be returned if requested. Write plainly your own name and address as sender. This information is given to the society in Europe to be sent by it to the prisoner with the relief.

It is usual to send amounts as follows: for privates, from $5.00 and not to exceed $25.00; for officers, from $5.00 and not to exceed $50.00. It is advisable that food instead of money be sent to prisoners of war. While it is not possible to send money or packages direct from this country to allied prisoners, the desired result may be accomplished by following the instructions given above. The American Red Cross assumes no responsibility in attending to these matters.

No letters should be sent to the American Red Cross to be forwarded.

Letters should not be longer than two pages and should be written on one side of the paper, enclosed in a plain envelope, properly addressed and marked as follows:

On the front of the envelope should be written the full name of the prisoner and the address of the camp where he is confined. In the upper right hand corner, where on an envelope containing an ordinary letter the stamp would be placed, should be written "Prisoners of War Mail, No Postage, Via New York." On the back of the envelope should be written the name and address of the sender. The letter, unstamped and unsealed, should be placed in any post office or mail box. No reference should be made to the war or to any Governmental matters in such letters.

It has come to the attention of the Red Cross that the Italian prisoners in Austria are very badly in need of extra food and clothing to be sent them by their relatives and friends.

Houseflies probably are the filthiest of the insects that infest Earth. They are the main source or medium for typhoid fever among [illegible]

—o—

"To keep clothing from freezing on the wash line, put a little SALT in the last rinsing water," advises an almanac. We should worry—in Florida.

—o—

Trap or poison that rat! The rat family does about $30,000,000 of damage annually in our country.

THREE WAR MEDALS BESTOWED ON "Y" HERO

Red Triangle Worker Wounded by Hun Machine Gun at Soissons, Toul and Chateau Thierry

New York, August 25.—Flat on his back in the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, W. A. Roberts, who has been awarded three French war medals for bravery in the fighting zones, is enjoying a well-earned rest, and is talking freely of almost anything but why the French government showered honors upon him.

Mr. Roberts, a Y. M. C. A. worker in France, had bestowed upon him the Croix de Guerre, the badge of the Legion of Honor, and the Medal Militaire. He won them all in three months.

Roberts was assistant auditor of the Michigan Central railroad before he was selected to be auditor of disbursements for the Y. M. C. A. in France, and to handle more than a quarter of a million dollars a day. He left for overseas service February 12, was wounded by a Hun machine gun at Soissons, rescued a "Y" secretary amid a hail of bullets in the Toul sector and was touched up by German marksmanship again at Chateau Thierry.

Y. M. C. A. NEEDS MEN IN SOUTHERN CAMPS

While Red Triangle Continues to Call for Overseas Workers, 1,000 Are Wanted for Home Service

Atlanta, Ga., August 25.—Men endowed with the element of leadership are needed by the Army, and Navy Y. M. C. A. to serve in the camps of the Southeast.

Dr. W. W. Alexander, general recruiting secretary for the War Personnel Board of the Y. M. C. A. War Work Council, declares that there is a pressing need for home service, and that this affords a splendid opportunity to the man of middle age who is not able to go abroad under the Red Triangle.

"The Y. M. C. A. needs men for overseas service, of course, but the home camps must not be forgotten," explained Dr. Alexander. "From now on until the first of the year the Southeast must recruit 1,000 men for the home camps. This means that each state will be called upon to furnish 25 men per month per state to serve the soldiers in camps such as Gordon, Jackson, Wheeler and the others. The constant growth of the home cantonments and the growing demand for the Y. M. C. A. work makes it necessary to recruit "Y" workers for this side."

CHANGE NOTION ABOUT CALOMEL

New Variety Called Calotabs Is Perfectly Safe And Delightful.

With all of the liver-cleansing and system-purifying qualities of the old-style calomel, but robbed of its sickening, griping, and dangerous effects, Calotabs is destined to become the most popular of all home remedies, as it has already become the favorite of all physicians.

The new-style calomel, called Calotabs, is perfectly delightful in effect. One tablet at bedtime, with a swallow of water. That's all. No nausea, no griping. Next morning you awake feeling fine, your liver active, your system purified, and with a hearty appetite for breakfast. Eat what you please. There is no restriction of habit or diet.

Genuine Calotabs are never sold in bulk. Ask for the original, sealed package; price, 35 cents. Your druggist recommends and guarantees Calotabs. (Adv.)

VETERANS' ASSN.

The Veterans' Association met in G. A. R. hall at 2 p. m. Saturday, Sept. 7, with Sister Kenney as president pro tem., owing to sickness of President Kenney. Secretary William P. Lynch and Chaplain Pro Tem. Rev. H. H. Bowen were present.

The meeting was opened by all singing "America," followed by a prayer by the acting chaplain. The second song was "When the Roll Is Called Up Yonder, I'll Be There. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. A collection amounting to $1.08 was contributed. The St. Cloud war cry was sounded forth O. K.

Brother Bowen called attention to the date for registration under the 18-to-45 law, Sept. 12 prox., advising all to study and learn in full the directions for registering, so as to be prepared to answer questions promptly. He noted also the importance of being ready for the purchase of war-savings stamps to the utmost of ability to buy them and thus help the government fight the war to a glorious and final success. He called attention to the fact that control of the week's "drive" for selling these war securities will be in the hands of the ladies the "War Scouts."

Rev. Dr. Martin, Methodist district superintendent, made a splendid, instructive, patriotic, and real national address on the various subjects that are so thoroughly taking up the public's attention. His address surely ought to be published.

The meeting was closed by all joining in singing "The Star-Spangled Banner."

WILLIAM P. LYNCH, Secretary.

Relatives of Burna Levi, who enlisted in military service from St. Cloud several months ago, have received word from him "somewhere in France," to the effect that he had been injured by a shell from the enemy and was in a hospital. He stated that he had won one stripe for his uniform and was working for another, and expected to be again on the firing line within a few days.

"Bees are wonderful [illegible] animals," says the Florida State Marketing Bureau. Therefore an elephant must be a magnificent insect.

The Time to Plant Fall Gardens

is here. We carry a good line of SEEDS, GARDEN TOOLS, HOES, RAKES, and WHEEL and HAND CULTIVATORS.

Coe-Mortimer Fertilizer

A goodly stock of it on hand; also a car load coming soon. Truckers' special mixtures, that make the gardens grow.

We carry SPRAYERS and SPRAY MIXTURES, including Serwin-Williams ARSENATE OF LEAD and BORDEAUX MIXTURES, separately or in combination, insecticide and fungicide. Thye will protect your garden from insects or blight, etc.

Raise a surplus and sell at the Curb Market.

W. MAKINSON, CO.
Opposite Depot St. Cloud, Florida

Business Getters
LITTLE ADS THAT PAY BIG

Classified advertisements five cents per line (eight point type, count six words to the line). Payable in advance. No advertisements will be charged for less than 25 cents.

FOR SALE

TO SELL—Lady's bicycle; never been used; cost $37.50; will sacrifice. M. WIMPY, St. Cloud. 3-1tp

FOR SALE—Five lots and five room house on Sixth street and Wyoming avenue. Price very reasonable, Apply "Wyoming" care Tribune. 4-tfp.

FOR SALE—Eight room house, close in, concrete, with good well, shade trees and barn. Address Box 616, St. Cloud, Fla. tf.

FOR SALE—Fifteen hogs, all sizes. Price reasonable for immediate sale, as owner wants to go to war. Inquire of James Sage, Box 371, St. Cloud, Fla. tf

FOR SALE OR LEASE—Fine farm, good team mares, farm tools. Within 30 days. R. G. Thomas. 2tpd

FOR SALE—Tiffany piano, cheap. Address Box 616, St. Cloud, Fla. tf

FOR SALE—Fifteen acres good land in two miles of St. Cloud; good two-story dwelling, barn, chickenhouse, 3 horses, 2 plows, 1 heavy lumber wagon, 1 two-seat canopy-top buggy; 2½ acres of the land is in cultivation. A real bargain if bought for cash at once. Write A. R. M., care the Tribune. 2-tf

FOR SALE—One L. C. Smith typewriter; good as new. Apply Fred B. Kenney, at City Hall. 2-tf

FOR SALE—Strawberry plants, Missionary variety; $2 per 1,000, 25c per 100. Call at Sixth and Missouri. E. A. SMITH. 3-2tp

FOR SALE—A $7,000 stock of drugs and fixtures, including up-to-date soda fountain. A bargain price will be made for immediate sale. Stock located in one of the best towns in Florida; only four other druggists in county, only one other in city. Chance for some good doctor to come to Florida and get good business at once. Also want prescription druggist, registered in Florida, who can manage first-class drug store; some man not of draft age desired. Apply P. E. MORGAN, St Cloud, Fla.

FOR SALE—Ten-acre farm; five-room house, furnished; on good road; near St. Cloud; good water, soil, and fencing; some fruit trees, bearing. Will sacrifice for less than $800 if sold before Sept. 15. No trades; cash. See MYDA WIMPY, St. Cloud, Fla. 3-1t

FOR SALE—Belgian hares, chickens, and strawberry plants. See J. W. RANKIN, 624 N. Massachusetts av. 3-tf

FOR RENT

TO RENT—Room between Pennsylvania and New York aves.; suitable for meat market or news stand. ISAAC WESTERMAN, St. Cloud. 3-1tp

TO RENT—14 room house completely furnished. Apply or write Mrs. Flora Grimes, 11th and Penn. avenue, St. Cloud, Florida. 52-tf.

TO RENT—Four apartments; good location; rates reasonable. See R. W. Fry, Indiana av. between 8th and 9th sts. 3t

HOUSES FOR RENT

One two story frame well furnished, 5 rooms, good well. One 1 story frame partly furnished, 3 rooms, good well. These properties are in good condition, rent reasonable. Address Rx care the Tribune. tf.

WANTED TO RENT—Five room furnished bungalow, with bath room, for winter season. What have you to offer. Address R, care of Tribune.

WANTED

WANTED—Second hand counter and shelving. Also light-weight ceiling. Must be cheap. C. WISTERMAN, Box 628, St. Cloud. 3-1tp

WANTED—Good cook and housekeeper for family of three. Comfortable quarters. Apply Valley Gazette, Kissimmee, Fla. 3-2t

MISCELLANEOUS

BAILEY'S TRANSFER

Leaves St. Cloud Daily at 8 a. m.; 12 noon; and 3 p. m. Leaves Kissimmee daily at 10 a. m.; 1:00 p. m. and 8 p. m.

Phone calls for special trips at any time.

Headquarters: St. Cloud, Marine's Drug Store. Kissimmee, Osceola Pharmacy. tf.

FARMERS—Send today for a free sample copy of the Florida Farmer and Stockman, published at Jacksonville. Tells about livestock raising, dairying, poultry, citrus fruit and trucking; twice a month at 50c per year; three years $1. Only livestock and general farming paper in the state. Write today. Xtf

Yes, Jonathan, nine wives out of a possible ten can see where they made a mistake by not marrying the other fellow.

The individual who sits next to a fat man in a crowded street car knows what it is to have greatness thrust upon him.

FOR SALE

TEN-ACRE FARM; 5-ROOM HOUSE, FURNISHED; ON A GOOD ROAD; NEAR TO ST. CLOUD; GOOD WATER, SOIL, AND FENCING; SOME FRUIT TREES, BEARING. WOULD SACRIFICE FOR LESS THAN

$800.00

IF SOLD BEFORE SEPT. 15. NO TRADES; CASH. SEE

Myda Wimpy
ST. CLOUD, FLORIDA

THE WATERBURY
Sanitary In Door Chemical Closet

is the acme of sanitary perfection attained in Chemical Closets.
No plumbing required, no vaults or septic tanks, no offensive odors.
Inexpensive to operate, ornamental and a comfortable household utility.
Its installation is sanctioned by the Florida State Board of Health.

H. EDMOND SWABEY, Agt.,
Kissimmee, Fla., Box 628

Don't Get Married to a HUN TUNE!
AN
AMERICAN WEDDING MARCH
Has Been Composed by
REGINALD DE KOVEN
FOR THE
NEW YORK HERALD
and the
PIANO SCORE
Will Be Published in Full
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